	INSURANCE RELATED AMENDMENTS
	2010 GENERAL SESSION
	STATE OF UTAH
LONG TI	ITLE
General I	Description:
Th	is bill modifies the Insurance Code and related provisions to make various
am	nendments.
Highlight	ed Provisions:
Th	is bill:
•	modifies definitions;
•	addresses fees and nonlapsing money;
•	removes outdated language related to reporting;
•	allows a member of the Title and Escrow Commission to continue to serve until
	replaced;
•	modifies duties of the Title and Escrow Commission;
•	modifies provisions related to variable contract law;
•	modifies provisions related to approval of forms;
•	addresses requirements for purchasing groups;
•	clarifies language related to underinsured motorist coverage;
•	prohibits certain conduct related insurance premium finance agreements;
•	modifies provisions related to catastrophic coverage of mental health conditions;
•	addresses issuance of group or blanket accident and health insurance;
•	modifies Utah's mini-COBRA provisions;
•	addresses special enrollment periods relating to Medicaid and Children's Health
	Insurance Program;
•	addresses provisions related to licensure and insurance adjusting;
•	modifies definitions related to life settlements;
•	provides for rulemaking and other processes related to surrender of a professional
	employer organization license;
•	addresses the board of directors for the Utah Defined Contribution Risk Adjuster;
	and

33	 makes technical and conforming amendments.
34	Monies Appropriated in this Bill:
35	None
36	Other Special Clauses:
37	None
38	Utah Code Sections Affected:
39	AMENDS:
40	31A-1-301, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 349
41	31A-2-403, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 345
42	31A-2-404, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
43	31A-3-103 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapters 183 and 368
44	31A-3-104, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2006, Chapter 117
45	31A-3-304 (Superseded 07/01/10), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter
46	183
47	31A-3-304 (Effective 07/01/10), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 183
48	31A-5-217.5 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 1992, Chapter 230
49	31A-15-208 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 1992, Chapter 258
50	31A-20-106, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1985, Chapter 242
51	31A-21-201 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2005, Chapter 123
52	31A-21-301 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2001, Chapter 116
53	31A-22-305.3, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 231
54	31A-22-411 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 1991, Chapter 74
55	31A-22-625 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapters 345 and 382
56	31A-22-701 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapter 307
57	31A-22-722 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 12
58	31A-26-201 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2003, Chapter 298
59	31A-35-401 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 183
60	31A-35-406, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapters 183 and 349
61	31A-36-102 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 355
62	31A-40-103 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 318
63	31A-40-302 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 318

	31A-42-201 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 12
	63J-1-602, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 368
E	ENACTS:
	31A-22-429 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
	31A-22-725 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
	31A-40-307 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
E	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
	Section 1. Section 31A-1-301 is amended to read:
	31A-1-301. Definitions.
	As used in this title, unless otherwise specified:
	(1) (a) "Accident and health insurance" means insurance to provide protection against
e	economic losses resulting from:
	(i) a medical condition including:
	(A) a medical care expense; or
	(B) the risk of disability;
	(ii) accident; or
	(iii) sickness.
	(b) "Accident and health insurance":
	(i) includes a contract with disability contingencies including:
	(A) an income replacement contract;
	(B) a health care contract;
	(C) an expense reimbursement contract;
	(D) a credit accident and health contract;
	(E) a continuing care contract; and
	(F) a long-term care contract; and
	(ii) may provide:
	(A) hospital coverage;
	(B) surgical coverage;
	(C) medical coverage;

94	(D) loss of income coverage;
95	(E) prescription drug coverage;
96	(F) dental coverage; or
97	(G) vision coverage.
98	(c) "Accident and health insurance" does not include workers' compensation insurance.
99	(2) "Actuary" is as defined by the commissioner by rule, made in accordance with Title
100	63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act.
101	(3) "Administrator" is defined in Subsection (159).
102	(4) "Adult" means an individual who has attained the age of at least 18 years.
103	(5) "Affiliate" means a person who controls, is controlled by, or is under common
104	control with, another person. A corporation is an affiliate of another corporation, regardless of
105	ownership, if substantially the same group of individuals manage the corporations.
106	(6) "Agency" means:
107	(a) a person other than an individual, including a sole proprietorship by which an
108	individual does business under an assumed name; and
109	(b) an insurance organization licensed or required to be licensed under Section
110	31A-23a-301.
111	(7) "Alien insurer" means an insurer domiciled outside the United States.
112	(8) "Amendment" means an endorsement to an insurance policy or certificate.
113	(9) "Annuity" means an agreement to make periodical payments for a period certain or
114	over the lifetime of one or more individuals if the making or continuance of all or some of the
115	series of the payments, or the amount of the payment, is dependent upon the continuance of
116	human life.
117	(10) "Application" means a document:
118	(a) (i) completed by an applicant to provide information about the risk to be insured;
119	and
120	(ii) that contains information that is used by the insurer to evaluate risk and decide
121	whether to:
122	(A) insure the risk under:
123	(I) the coverage as originally offered; or
124	(II) a modification of the coverage as originally offered; or

125	(B) decline to insure the risk; or
126	(b) used by the insurer to gather information from the applicant before issuance of an
127	annuity contract.
128	(11) "Articles" or "articles of incorporation" means:
129	(a) the original articles;
130	(b) a special law;
131	(c) a charter;
132	(d) an amendment;
133	(e) restated articles;
134	(f) articles of merger or consolidation;
135	(g) a trust instrument;
136	(h) another constitutive document for a trust or other entity that is not a corporation;
137	and
138	(i) an amendment to an item listed in Subsections (11)(a) through (h).
139	(12) "Bail bond insurance" means a guarantee that a person will attend court when
140	required, up to and including surrender of the person in execution of a sentence imposed under
141	Subsection 77-20-7(1), as a condition to the release of that person from confinement.
142	(13) "Binder" is defined in Section 31A-21-102.
143	(14) "Blanket insurance policy" means a group policy covering a defined class of
144	persons:
145	(a) without individual underwriting or application; and
146	(b) that is determined by definition with or without designating each person covered.
147	(15) "Board," "board of trustees," or "board of directors" means the group of persons
148	with responsibility over, or management of, a corporation, however designated.
149	(16) "Business entity" means:
150	(a) a corporation;
151	(b) an association;
152	(c) a partnership;
153	(d) a limited liability company;
154	(e) a limited liability partnership; or
155	(f) another legal entity.

156	(17) "Business of insurance" is defined in Subsection (85).
157	(18) "Business plan" means the information required to be supplied to the
158	commissioner under Subsections 31A-5-204(2)(i) and (j), including the information required
159	when these subsections apply by reference under:
160	(a) Section 31A-7-201;
161	(b) Section 31A-8-205; or
162	(c) Subsection 31A-9-205(2).
163	(19) (a) "Bylaws" means the rules adopted for the regulation or management of a
164	corporation's affairs, however designated.
165	(b) "Bylaws" includes comparable rules for a trust or other entity that is not a
166	corporation.
167	(20) "Captive insurance company" means:
168	(a) an insurer:
169	(i) owned by another organization; and
170	(ii) whose exclusive purpose is to insure risks of the parent organization and an
171	affiliated company; or
172	(b) in the case of a group or association, an insurer:
173	(i) owned by the insureds; and
174	(ii) whose exclusive purpose is to insure risks of:
175	(A) a member organization;
176	(B) a group member; or
177	(C) an affiliate of:
178	(I) a member organization; or
179	(II) a group member.
180	(21) "Casualty insurance" means liability insurance.
181	(22) "Certificate" means evidence of insurance given to:
182	(a) an insured under a group insurance policy; or
183	(b) a third party.
184	(23) "Certificate of authority" is included within the term "license."
185	(24) "Claim," unless the context otherwise requires, means a request or demand on an
186	insurer for payment of a benefit according to the terms of an insurance policy.

187	(25) "Claims-made coverage" means an insurance contract or provision limiting
188	coverage under a policy insuring against legal liability to claims that are first made against the
189	insured while the policy is in force.
190	(26) (a) "Commissioner" or "commissioner of insurance" means Utah's insurance
191	commissioner.
192	(b) When appropriate, the terms listed in Subsection (26)(a) apply to the equivalent
193	supervisory official of another jurisdiction.
194	(27) (a) "Continuing care insurance" means insurance that:
195	(i) provides board and lodging;
196	(ii) provides one or more of the following:
197	(A) a personal service;
198	(B) a nursing service;
199	(C) a medical service; or
200	(D) any other health-related service; and
201	(iii) provides the coverage described in this Subsection (27)(a) under an agreement
202	effective:
203	(A) for the life of the insured; or
204	(B) for a period in excess of one year.
205	(b) Insurance is continuing care insurance regardless of whether or not the board and
206	lodging are provided at the same location as a service described in Subsection (27)(a)(ii).
207	(28) (a) "Control," "controlling," "controlled," or "under common control" means the
208	direct or indirect possession of the power to direct or cause the direction of the management
209	and policies of a person. This control may be:
210	(i) by contract;
211	(ii) by common management;
212	(iii) through the ownership of voting securities; or
213	(iv) by a means other than those described in Subsections (28)(a)(i) through (iii).
214	(b) There is no presumption that an individual holding an official position with another
215	person controls that person solely by reason of the position.
216	(c) A person having a contract or arrangement giving control is considered to have
217	control despite the illegality or invalidity of the contract or arrangement.

218	(d) There is a rebuttable presumption of control in a person who directly or indirectly
219	owns, controls, holds with the power to vote, or holds proxies to vote 10% or more of the
220	voting securities of another person.
221	(29) "Controlled insurer" means a licensed insurer that is either directly or indirectly
222	controlled by a producer.
223	(30) "Controlling person" means a person that directly or indirectly has the power to
224	direct or cause to be directed, the management, control, or activities of a reinsurance
225	intermediary.
226	(31) "Controlling producer" means a producer who directly or indirectly controls an
227	insurer.
228	(32) (a) "Corporation" means an insurance corporation, except when referring to:
229	(i) a corporation doing business:
230	(A) as:
231	(I) an insurance producer;
232	(II) a limited line producer;
233	(III) a consultant;
234	(IV) a managing general agent;
235	(V) a reinsurance intermediary;
236	(VI) a third party administrator; or
237	(VII) an adjuster; and
238	(B) under:
239	(I) Chapter 23a, Insurance Marketing - Licensing Producers, Consultants, and
240	Reinsurance Intermediaries;
241	(II) Chapter 25, Third Party Administrators; or
242	(III) Chapter 26, Insurance Adjusters; or
243	(ii) a noninsurer that is part of a holding company system under Chapter 16, Insurance
244	Holding Companies.
245	(b) "Stock corporation" means a stock insurance corporation.
246	(c) "Mutual" or "mutual corporation" means a mutual insurance corporation.
247	(33) (a) "Creditable coverage" has the same meaning as provided in federal regulations
248	adopted pursuant to the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996, Pub. L.

249	104-191, 110 Stat. 1936.
250	(b) "Creditable coverage" includes coverage that is offered through a public health plan
251	such as:
252	(i) the Primary Care Network Program under a Medicaid primary care network
253	demonstration waiver obtained subject to Section 26-18-3;
254	(ii) the Children's Health Insurance Program under Section 26-40-106; or
255	(iii) the Ryan White Program Comprehensive AIDS Resources Emergency Act, Pub. L
256	101-381, and Ryan White HIV/AIDs Treatment Modernization Act of 2006, Pub. L. 109-415.
257	(34) "Credit accident and health insurance" means insurance on a debtor to provide
258	indemnity for payments coming due on a specific loan or other credit transaction while the
259	debtor is disabled.
260	(35) (a) "Credit insurance" means insurance offered in connection with an extension of
261	credit that is limited to partially or wholly extinguishing that credit obligation.
262	(b) "Credit insurance" includes:
263	(i) credit accident and health insurance;
264	(ii) credit life insurance;
265	(iii) credit property insurance;
266	(iv) credit unemployment insurance;
267	(v) guaranteed automobile protection insurance;
268	(vi) involuntary unemployment insurance;
269	(vii) mortgage accident and health insurance;
270	(viii) mortgage guaranty insurance; and
271	(ix) mortgage life insurance.
272	(36) "Credit life insurance" means insurance on the life of a debtor in connection with
273	an extension of credit that pays a person if the debtor dies.
274	(37) "Credit property insurance" means insurance:
275	(a) offered in connection with an extension of credit; and
276	(b) that protects the property until the debt is paid.
277	(38) "Credit unemployment insurance" means insurance:
278	(a) offered in connection with an extension of credit; and
279	(b) that provides indemnity if the debtor is unemployed for payments coming due on a:

280	(i) specific loan; or
281	(ii) credit transaction.
282	(39) "Creditor" means a person, including an insured, having a claim, whether:
283	(a) matured;
284	(b) unmatured;
285	(c) liquidated;
286	(d) unliquidated;
287	(e) secured;
288	(f) unsecured;
289	(g) absolute;
290	(h) fixed; or
291	(i) contingent.
292	(40) (a) "Customer service representative" means a person that provides an insurance
293	service and insurance product information:
294	(i) for the customer service representative's:
295	(A) producer; or
296	(B) consultant employer; and
297	(ii) to the customer service representative's employer's:
298	(A) customer;
299	(B) client; or
300	(C) organization.
301	(b) A customer service representative may only operate within the scope of authority of
302	the customer service representative's producer or consultant employer.
303	(41) "Deadline" means a final date or time:
304	(a) imposed by:
305	(i) statute;
306	(ii) rule; or
307	(iii) order; and
308	(b) by which a required filing or payment must be received by the department.
309	(42) "Deemer clause" means a provision under this title under which upon the
310	occurrence of a condition precedent, the commissioner is considered to have taken a specific

311	action. If the statute so provides, a condition precedent may be the commissioner's failure to
312	take a specific action.
313	(43) "Degree of relationship" means the number of steps between two persons
314	determined by counting the generations separating one person from a common ancestor and
315	then counting the generations to the other person.
316	(44) "Department" means the Insurance Department.
317	(45) "Director" means a member of the board of directors of a corporation.
318	(46) "Disability" means a physiological or psychological condition that partially or
319	totally limits an individual's ability to:
320	(a) perform the duties of:
321	(i) that individual's occupation; or
322	(ii) any occupation for which the individual is reasonably suited by education, training
323	or experience; or
324	(b) perform two or more of the following basic activities of daily living:
325	(i) eating;
326	(ii) toileting;
327	(iii) transferring;
328	(iv) bathing; or
329	(v) dressing.
330	(47) "Disability income insurance" is defined in Subsection (76).
331	(48) "Domestic insurer" means an insurer organized under the laws of this state.
332	(49) "Domiciliary state" means the state in which an insurer:
333	(a) is incorporated;
334	(b) is organized; or
335	(c) in the case of an alien insurer, enters into the United States.
336	(50) (a) "Eligible employee" means:
337	(i) an employee who:
338	(A) works on a full-time basis; and
339	(B) has a normal work week of 30 or more hours; or
340	(ii) a person described in Subsection (50)(b).
341	(b) "Eligible employee" includes, if the individual is included under a health benefit

342	plan of a small employer:
343	(i) a sole proprietor;
344	(ii) a partner in a partnership; or
345	(iii) an independent contractor.
346	(c) "Eligible employee" does not include, unless eligible under Subsection (50)(b):
347	(i) an individual who works on a temporary or substitute basis for a small employer;
348	(ii) an employer's spouse; or
349	(iii) a dependent of an employer.
350	(51) "Employee" means an individual employed by an employer.
351	(52) "Employee benefits" means one or more benefits or services provided to:
352	(a) an employee; or
353	(b) a dependent of an employee.
354	(53) (a) "Employee welfare fund" means a fund:
355	(i) established or maintained, whether directly or through a trustee, by:
356	(A) one or more employers;
357	(B) one or more labor organizations; or
358	(C) a combination of employers and labor organizations; and
359	(ii) that provides employee benefits paid or contracted to be paid, other than income
360	from investments of the fund:
361	(A) by or on behalf of an employer doing business in this state; or
362	(B) for the benefit of a person employed in this state.
363	(b) "Employee welfare fund" includes a plan funded or subsidized by a user fee or tax
364	revenues.
365	(54) "Endorsement" means a written agreement attached to a policy or certificate to
366	modify the policy or certificate coverage.
367	(55) "Enrollment date," with respect to a health benefit plan, means:
368	(a) the first day of coverage; or
369	(b) if there is a waiting period, the first day of the waiting period.
370	(56) (a) "Escrow" means:
371	(i) a real estate settlement or real estate closing conducted by a third party pursuant to
372	the requirements of a written agreement between the parties in a real estate transaction; or

373	(ii) a settlement or closing involving:
374	(A) a mobile home;
375	(B) a grazing right;
376	(C) a water right; or
377	(D) other personal property authorized by the commissioner.
378	(b) "Escrow" includes the act of conducting a:
379	(i) real estate settlement; or
380	(ii) real estate closing.
381	(57) "Escrow agent" means:
382	(a) an insurance producer with:
383	(i) a title insurance line of authority; and
384	(ii) an escrow subline of authority; or
385	(b) a person defined as an escrow agent in Section 7-22-101.
386	(58) (a) "Excludes" is not exhaustive and does not mean that another thing is not also
387	excluded.
388	(b) The items listed in a list using the term "excludes" are representative examples for
389	use in interpretation of this title.
390	(59) "Exclusion" means for the purposes of accident and health insurance that an
391	insurer does not provide insurance coverage, for whatever reason, for one of the following:
392	(a) a specific physical condition;
393	(b) a specific medical procedure;
394	(c) a specific disease or disorder; or
395	(d) a specific prescription drug or class of prescription drugs.
396	(60) "Expense reimbursement insurance" means insurance:
397	(a) written to provide a payment for an expense relating to hospital confinement
398	resulting from illness or injury; and
399	(b) written:
400	(i) as a daily limit for a specific number of days in a hospital; and
401	(ii) to have a one or two day waiting period following a hospitalization.
402	(61) "Fidelity insurance" means insurance guaranteeing the fidelity of a person holding
403	a position of public or private trust.

404	(62) (a) "Filed" means that a filing is:
405	(i) submitted to the department as required by and in accordance with applicable
406	statute, rule, or filing order;
407	(ii) received by the department within the time period provided in applicable statute,
408	rule, or filing order; and
409	(iii) accompanied by the appropriate fee in accordance with:
410	(A) Section 31A-3-103; or
411	(B) rule.
412	(b) "Filed" does not include a filing that is rejected by the department because it is not
413	submitted in accordance with Subsection (62)(a).
414	(63) "Filing," when used as a noun, means an item required to be filed with the
415	department including:
416	(a) a policy;
417	(b) a rate;
418	(c) a form;
419	(d) a document;
420	(e) a plan;
421	(f) a manual;
422	(g) an application;
423	(h) a report;
424	(i) a certificate;
425	(j) an endorsement;
426	(k) an actuarial certification;
427	(l) a licensee annual statement;
428	(m) a licensee renewal application;
429	(n) an advertisement; or
430	(o) an outline of coverage.
431	(64) "First party insurance" means an insurance policy or contract in which the insurer
432	agrees to pay a claim submitted to it by the insured for the insured's losses.
433	(65) "Foreign insurer" means an insurer domiciled outside of this state, including an
434	alien insurer.

435	(66) (a) "Form" means one of the following prepared for general use:
436	(i) a policy;
437	(ii) a certificate;
438	(iii) an application;
439	(iv) an outline of coverage; or
440	(v) an endorsement.
441	(b) "Form" does not include a document specially prepared for use in an individual
442	case.
443	(67) "Franchise insurance" means an individual insurance policy provided through a
444	mass marketing arrangement involving a defined class of persons related in some way other
445	than through the purchase of insurance.
446	(68) "General lines of authority" include:
447	(a) the general lines of insurance in Subsection (69);
448	(b) title insurance under one of the following sublines of authority:
449	(i) search, including authority to act as a title marketing representative;
450	(ii) escrow, including authority to act as a title marketing representative; and
451	(iii) title marketing representative only;
452	(c) surplus lines;
453	(d) workers' compensation; and
454	(e) any other line of insurance that the commissioner considers necessary to recognize
455	in the public interest.
456	(69) "General lines of insurance" include:
457	(a) accident and health;
458	(b) casualty;
459	(c) life;
460	(d) personal lines;
461	(e) property; and
462	(f) variable contracts, including variable life and annuity.
463	(70) "Group health plan" means an employee welfare benefit plan to the extent that the
464	plan provides medical care:
465	(a) (i) to an employee; or

466	(ii) to a dependent of an employee; and
467	(b) (i) directly;
468	(ii) through insurance reimbursement; or
469	(iii) through another method.
470	(71) (a) "Group insurance policy" means a policy covering a group of persons that is
471	issued:
472	(i) to a policyholder on behalf of the group; and
473	(ii) for the benefit of a member of the group who is selected under a procedure defined
474	in:
475	(A) the policy; or
476	(B) an agreement that is collateral to the policy.
477	(b) A group insurance policy may include a member of the policyholder's family or a
478	dependent.
479	(72) "Guaranteed automobile protection insurance" means insurance offered in
480	connection with an extension of credit that pays the difference in amount between the
481	insurance settlement and the balance of the loan if the insured automobile is a total loss.
482	(73) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (73)(b), "health benefit plan" means a policy
483	or certificate that:
484	(i) provides health care insurance;
485	(ii) provides major medical expense insurance; or
486	(iii) is offered as a substitute for hospital or medical expense insurance, such as:
487	(A) a hospital confinement indemnity; or
488	(B) a limited benefit plan.
489	(b) "Health benefit plan" does not include a policy or certificate that:
490	(i) provides benefits solely for:
491	(A) accident;
492	(B) dental;
493	(C) income replacement;
494	(D) long-term care;
495	(E) a Medicare supplement;
496	(F) a specified disease;

497	(G) vision; or
498	(H) a short-term limited duration; or
499	(ii) is offered and marketed as supplemental health insurance.
500	(74) "Health care" means any of the following intended for use in the diagnosis,
501	treatment, mitigation, or prevention of a human ailment or impairment:
502	(a) a professional service;
503	(b) a personal service;
504	(c) a facility;
505	(d) equipment;
506	(e) a device;
507	(f) supplies; or
508	(g) medicine.
509	(75) (a) "Health care insurance" or "health insurance" means insurance providing:
510	(i) a health care benefit; or
511	(ii) payment of an incurred health care expense.
512	(b) "Health care insurance" or "health insurance" does not include accident and health
513	insurance providing a benefit for:
514	(i) replacement of income;
515	(ii) short-term accident;
516	(iii) fixed indemnity;
517	(iv) credit accident and health;
518	(v) supplements to liability;
519	(vi) workers' compensation;
520	(vii) automobile medical payment;
521	(viii) no-fault automobile;
522	(ix) equivalent self-insurance; or
523	(x) a type of accident and health insurance coverage that is a part of or attached to
524	another type of policy.
525	(76) "Income replacement insurance" or "disability income insurance" means insurance
526	written to provide payments to replace income lost from accident or sickness.
527	(77) "Indemnity" means the payment of an amount to offset all or part of an insured

528	loss.
529	(78) "Independent adjuster" means an insurance adjuster required to be licensed under
530	Section 31A-26-201 who engages in insurance adjusting as a representative of an insurer.
531	(79) "Independently procured insurance" means insurance procured under Section
532	31A-15-104.
533	(80) "Individual" means a natural person.
534	(81) "Inland marine insurance" includes insurance covering:
535	(a) property in transit on or over land;
536	(b) property in transit over water by means other than boat or ship;
537	(c) bailee liability;
538	(d) fixed transportation property such as bridges, electric transmission systems, radio
539	and television transmission towers and tunnels; and
540	(e) personal and commercial property floaters.
541	(82) "Insolvency" means that:
542	(a) an insurer is unable to pay its debts or meet its obligations as the debts and
543	obligations mature;
544	(b) an insurer's total adjusted capital is less than the insurer's mandatory control level
545	RBC under Subsection 31A-17-601(8)(c); or
546	(c) an insurer is determined to be hazardous under this title.
547	(83) (a) "Insurance" means:
548	(i) an arrangement, contract, or plan for the transfer of a risk or risks from one or more
549	persons to one or more other persons; or
550	(ii) an arrangement, contract, or plan for the distribution of a risk or risks among a
551	group of persons that includes the person seeking to distribute that person's risk.
552	(b) "Insurance" includes:
553	(i) a risk distributing arrangement providing for compensation or replacement for
554	damages or loss through the provision of a service or a benefit in kind;
555	(ii) a contract of guaranty or suretyship entered into by the guarantor or surety as a
556	business and not as merely incidental to a business transaction; and
557	(iii) a plan in which the risk does not rest upon the person who makes an arrangement,
558	but with a class of persons who have agreed to share the risk.

559	(84) "Insurance adjuster" means a person who directs the investigation, negotiation, or
560	settlement of a claim under an insurance policy other than life insurance or an annuity, on
561	behalf of an insurer, policyholder, or a claimant under an insurance policy.
562	(85) "Insurance business" or "business of insurance" includes:
563	(a) providing health care insurance by an organization that is or is required to be
564	licensed under this title;
565	(b) providing a benefit to an employee in the event of a contingency not within the
566	control of the employee, in which the employee is entitled to the benefit as a right, which
567	benefit may be provided either:
568	(i) by a single employer or by multiple employer groups; or
569	(ii) through one or more trusts, associations, or other entities;
570	(c) providing an annuity:
571	(i) including an annuity issued in return for a gift; and
572	(ii) except an annuity provided by a person specified in Subsections 31A-22-1305(2)
573	and (3);
574	(d) providing the characteristic services of a motor club as outlined in Subsection
575	(113);
576	(e) providing another person with insurance;
577	(f) making as insurer, guarantor, or surety, or proposing to make as insurer, guarantor,
578	or surety, a contract or policy of title insurance;
579	(g) transacting or proposing to transact any phase of title insurance, including:
580	(i) solicitation;
581	(ii) negotiation preliminary to execution;
582	(iii) execution of a contract of title insurance;
583	(iv) insuring; [and]
584	(v) transacting matters subsequent to the execution of the contract and arising out of
585	the contract, including reinsurance; and
586	(vi) transacting or proposing a life settlement; and
587	(h) doing, or proposing to do, any business in substance equivalent to Subsections
588	(85)(a) through (g) in a manner designed to evade this title.
589	(86) "Insurance consultant" or "consultant" means a person who:

590	(a) advises another person about insurance needs and coverages;
591	(b) is compensated by the person advised on a basis not directly related to the insurance
592	placed; and
593	(c) except as provided in Section 31A-23a-501, is not compensated directly or
594	indirectly by an insurer or producer for advice given.
595	(87) "Insurance holding company system" means a group of two or more affiliated
596	persons, at least one of whom is an insurer.
597	(88) (a) "Insurance producer" or "producer" means a person licensed or required to be
598	licensed under the laws of this state to sell, solicit, or negotiate insurance.
599	(b) With regards to the selling, soliciting, or negotiating of an insurance product to an
600	insurance customer or an insured:
601	(i) "producer for the insurer" means a producer who is compensated directly or
602	indirectly by an insurer for selling, soliciting, or negotiating a product of that insurer; and
603	(ii) "producer for the insured" means a producer who:
604	(A) is compensated directly and only by an insurance customer or an insured; and
605	(B) receives no compensation directly or indirectly from an insurer for selling,
606	soliciting, or negotiating a product of that insurer to an insurance customer or insured.
607	(89) (a) "Insured" means a person to whom or for whose benefit an insurer makes a
608	promise in an insurance policy and includes:
609	(i) a policyholder;
610	(ii) a subscriber;
611	(iii) a member; and
612	(iv) a beneficiary.
613	(b) The definition in Subsection (89)(a):
614	(i) applies only to this title; and
615	(ii) does not define the meaning of this word as used in an insurance policy or
616	certificate.
617	(90) (a) "Insurer" means a person doing an insurance business as a principal including:
618	(i) a fraternal benefit society;
619	(ii) an issuer of a gift annuity other than an annuity specified in Subsections
620	31A-22-1305(2) and (3);

621	(111) a motor club;
622	(iv) an employee welfare plan; and
623	(v) a person purporting or intending to do an insurance business as a principal on that
624	person's own account.
625	(b) "Insurer" does not include a governmental entity to the extent the governmental
626	entity is engaged in an activity described in Section 31A-12-107.
627	(91) "Interinsurance exchange" is defined in Subsection (142).
628	(92) "Involuntary unemployment insurance" means insurance:
629	(a) offered in connection with an extension of credit; and
630	(b) that provides indemnity if the debtor is involuntarily unemployed for payments
631	coming due on a:
632	(i) specific loan; or
633	(ii) credit transaction.
634	(93) "Large employer," in connection with a health benefit plan, means an employer
635	who, with respect to a calendar year and to a plan year:
636	(a) employed an average of at least 51 eligible employees on each business day during
637	the preceding calendar year; and
638	(b) employs at least two employees on the first day of the plan year.
639	(94) "Late enrollee," with respect to an employer health benefit plan, means an
640	individual whose enrollment is a late enrollment.
641	(95) "Late enrollment," with respect to an employer health benefit plan, means
642	enrollment of an individual other than:
643	(a) on the earliest date on which coverage can become effective for the individual
644	under the terms of the plan; or
645	(b) through special enrollment.
646	(96) (a) Except for a retainer contract or legal assistance described in Section
647	31A-1-103, "legal expense insurance" means insurance written to indemnify or pay for a
648	specified legal expense.
649	(b) "Legal expense insurance" includes an arrangement that creates a reasonable
650	expectation of an enforceable right.
651	(c) "Legal expense insurance" does not include the provision of, or reimbursement for,

002	legal services incidental to other insurance coverage.
653	(97) (a) "Liability insurance" means insurance against liability:
654	(i) for death, injury, or disability of a human being, or for damage to property,
655	exclusive of the coverages under:
656	(A) Subsection (107) for medical malpractice insurance;
657	(B) Subsection (134) for professional liability insurance; and
658	(C) Subsection (168) for workers' compensation insurance;
659	(ii) for a medical, hospital, surgical, and funeral benefit to a person other than the
660	insured who is injured, irrespective of legal liability of the insured, when issued with or
661	supplemental to insurance against legal liability for the death, injury, or disability of a human
662	being, exclusive of the coverages under:
663	(A) Subsection (107) for medical malpractice insurance;
664	(B) Subsection (134) for professional liability insurance; and
565	(C) Subsection (168) for workers' compensation insurance;
666	(iii) for loss or damage to property resulting from an accident to or explosion of a
567	boiler, pipe, pressure container, machinery, or apparatus;
568	(iv) for loss or damage to property caused by:
569	(A) the breakage or leakage of a sprinkler, water pipe, or water container; or
570	(B) water entering through a leak or opening in a building; or
571	(v) for other loss or damage properly the subject of insurance not within another kind
572	of insurance as defined in this chapter, if the insurance is not contrary to law or public policy.
673	(b) "Liability insurance" includes:
674	(i) vehicle liability insurance;
675	(ii) residential dwelling liability insurance; and
676	(iii) making inspection of, and issuing a certificate of inspection upon, an elevator,
677	boiler, machinery, or apparatus of any kind when done in connection with insurance on the
678	elevator, boiler, machinery, or apparatus.
579	(98) (a) "License" means authorization issued by the commissioner to engage in an
680	activity that is part of or related to the insurance business.
581	(b) "License" includes a certificate of authority issued to an insurer.
682	(99) (a) "Life insurance" means:

683	(i) insurance on a human life; and
684	(ii) insurance pertaining to or connected with human life.
685	(b) The business of life insurance includes:
686	(i) granting a death benefit;
687	(ii) granting an annuity benefit;
688	(iii) granting an endowment benefit;
689	(iv) granting an additional benefit in the event of death by accident;
690	(v) granting an additional benefit to safeguard the policy against lapse; and
691	(vi) providing an optional method of settlement of proceeds.
692	(100) "Limited license" means a license that:
693	(a) is issued for a specific product of insurance; and
694	(b) limits an individual or agency to transact only for that product or insurance.
695	(101) "Limited line credit insurance" includes the following forms of insurance:
696	(a) credit life;
697	(b) credit accident and health;
698	(c) credit property;
699	(d) credit unemployment;
700	(e) involuntary unemployment;
701	(f) mortgage life;
702	(g) mortgage guaranty;
703	(h) mortgage accident and health;
704	(i) guaranteed automobile protection; and
705	(j) another form of insurance offered in connection with an extension of credit that:
706	(i) is limited to partially or wholly extinguishing the credit obligation; and
707	(ii) the commissioner determines by rule should be designated as a form of limited line
708	credit insurance.
709	(102) "Limited line credit insurance producer" means a person who sells, solicits, or
710	negotiates one or more forms of limited line credit insurance coverage to an individual through
711	a master, corporate, group, or individual policy.
712	(103) "Limited line insurance" includes:
713	(a) bail bond;

714 (b) limited line credit insurance; 715 (c) legal expense insurance; 716 (d) motor club insurance; 717 (e) rental car-related insurance; 718 (f) travel insurance; 719 (g) crop insurance; 720 (h) self-service storage insurance; and 721 (i) another form of limited insurance that the commissioner determines by rule should 722 be designated a form of limited line insurance. 723 (104) "Limited lines authority" includes: 724 (a) the lines of insurance listed in Subsection (103); and 725 (b) a customer service representative. 726 (105) "Limited lines producer" means a person who sells, solicits, or negotiates limited 727 lines insurance. 728 (106) (a) "Long-term care insurance" means an insurance policy or rider advertised, 729 marketed, offered, or designated to provide coverage: 730 (i) in a setting other than an acute care unit of a hospital; 731 (ii) for not less than 12 consecutive months for a covered person on the basis of: 732 (A) expenses incurred; 733 (B) indemnity; 734 (C) prepayment; or 735 (D) another method; 736 (iii) for one or more necessary or medically necessary services that are: 737 (A) diagnostic; 738 (B) preventative; 739 (C) therapeutic; 740 (D) rehabilitative; 741 (E) maintenance; or 742 (F) personal care; and 743 (iv) that may be issued by: 744 (A) an insurer;

745 (B) a fraternal benefit society; 746 (C) (I) a nonprofit health hospital; and 747 (II) a medical service corporation; 748 (D) a prepaid health plan; 749 (E) a health maintenance organization; or 750 (F) an entity similar to the entities described in Subsections (106)(a)(iv)(A) through (E) 751 to the extent that the entity is otherwise authorized to issue life or health care insurance. 752 (b) "Long-term care insurance" includes: 753 (i) any of the following that provide directly or supplement long-term care insurance: 754 (A) a group or individual annuity or rider; or 755 (B) a life insurance policy or rider; (ii) a policy or rider that provides for payment of benefits on the basis of: 756 757 (A) cognitive impairment; or 758 (B) functional capacity; or 759 (iii) a qualified long-term care insurance contract. 760 (c) "Long-term care insurance" does not include: 761 (i) a policy that is offered primarily to provide basic Medicare supplement coverage; 762 (ii) basic hospital expense coverage; 763 (iii) basic medical/surgical expense coverage; 764 (iv) hospital confinement indemnity coverage; 765 (v) major medical expense coverage; 766 (vi) income replacement or related asset-protection coverage; 767 (vii) accident only coverage; 768 (viii) coverage for a specified: 769 (A) disease; or 770 (B) accident; 771 (ix) limited benefit health coverage; or 772 (x) a life insurance policy that accelerates the death benefit to provide the option of a 773 lump sum payment: 774 (A) if the following are not conditioned on the receipt of long-term care: 775 (I) benefits; or

776 (II) eligibility; and 777 (B) the coverage is for one or more the following qualifying events: 778 (I) terminal illness; 779 (II) medical conditions requiring extraordinary medical intervention; or 780 (III) permanent institutional confinement. 781 (107) "Medical malpractice insurance" means insurance against legal liability incident 782 to the practice and provision of a medical service other than the practice and provision of a 783 dental service. 784 (108) "Member" means a person having membership rights in an insurance 785 corporation. 786 (109) "Minimum capital" or "minimum required capital" means the capital that must be 787 constantly maintained by a stock insurance corporation as required by statute. 788 (110) "Mortgage accident and health insurance" means insurance offered in connection 789 with an extension of credit that provides indemnity for payments coming due on a mortgage 790 while the debtor is disabled. 791 (111) "Mortgage guaranty insurance" means surety insurance under which a mortgagee 792 or other creditor is indemnified against losses caused by the default of a debtor. 793 (112) "Mortgage life insurance" means insurance on the life of a debtor in connection 794 with an extension of credit that pays if the debtor dies. 795 (113) "Motor club" means a person: 796 (a) licensed under: 797 (i) Chapter 5, Domestic Stock and Mutual Insurance Corporations; 798 (ii) Chapter 11, Motor Clubs; or 799 (iii) Chapter 14, Foreign Insurers; and (b) that promises for an advance consideration to provide for a stated period of time 800 801 one or more: 802 (i) legal services under Subsection 31A-11-102(1)(b); 803 (ii) bail services under Subsection 31A-11-102(1)(c); or 804 (iii) (A) trip reimbursement; 805 (B) towing services;

(C) emergency road services;

806

807	(D) stolen automobile services;
808	(E) a combination of the services listed in Subsections (113)(b)(iii)(A) through (D); or
809	(F) other services given in Subsections 31A-11-102(1)(b) through (f).
810	(114) "Mutual" means a mutual insurance corporation.
811	(115) "Network plan" means health care insurance:
812	(a) that is issued by an insurer; and
813	(b) under which the financing and delivery of medical care is provided, in whole or in
814	part, through a defined set of providers under contract with the insurer, including the financing
815	and delivery of an item paid for as medical care.
816	(116) "Nonparticipating" means a plan of insurance under which the insured is not
817	entitled to receive a dividend representing a share of the surplus of the insurer.
818	(117) "Ocean marine insurance" means insurance against loss of or damage to:
819	(a) ships or hulls of ships;
820	(b) goods, freight, cargoes, merchandise, effects, disbursements, profits, moneys,
821	securities, choses in action, evidences of debt, valuable papers, bottomry, respondentia
822	interests, or other cargoes in or awaiting transit over the oceans or inland waterways;
823	(c) earnings such as freight, passage money, commissions, or profits derived from
824	transporting goods or people upon or across the oceans or inland waterways; or
825	(d) a vessel owner or operator as a result of liability to employees, passengers, bailors,
826	owners of other vessels, owners of fixed objects, customs or other authorities, or other persons
827	in connection with maritime activity.
828	(118) "Order" means an order of the commissioner.
829	(119) "Outline of coverage" means a summary that explains an accident and health
830	insurance policy.
831	(120) "Participating" means a plan of insurance under which the insured is entitled to
832	receive a dividend representing a share of the surplus of the insurer.
833	(121) "Participation," as used in a health benefit plan, means a requirement relating to
834	the minimum percentage of eligible employees that must be enrolled in relation to the total
835	number of eligible employees of an employer reduced by each eligible employee who
836	voluntarily declines coverage under the plan because the employee:
837	(a) has other group health care insurance coverage; or

838	(b) receives:
839	(i) Medicare, under the Health Insurance for the Aged Act, Title XVIII of the Social
840	Security Amendments of 1965; or
841	(ii) another government health benefit.
842	(122) "Person" includes:
843	(a) an individual;
844	(b) a partnership;
845	(c) a corporation;
846	(d) an incorporated or unincorporated association;
847	(e) a joint stock company;
848	(f) a trust;
849	(g) a limited liability company;
850	(h) a reciprocal;
851	(i) a syndicate; or
852	(j) another similar entity or combination of entities acting in concert.
853	(123) "Personal lines insurance" means property and casualty insurance coverage sold
854	for primarily noncommercial purposes to:
855	(a) an individual; or
856	(b) a family.
857	(124) "Plan sponsor" is as defined in 29 U.S.C. Sec. 1002(16)(B).
858	(125) "Plan year" means:
859	(a) the year that is designated as the plan year in:
860	(i) the plan document of a group health plan; or
861	(ii) a summary plan description of a group health plan;
862	(b) if the plan document or summary plan description does not designate a plan year or
863	there is no plan document or summary plan description:
864	(i) the year used to determine deductibles or limits;
865	(ii) the policy year, if the plan does not impose deductibles or limits on a yearly basis;
866	or
867	(iii) the employer's taxable year if:
868	(A) the plan does not impose deductibles or limits on a yearly basis; and

869	(B) (I) the plan is not insured; or
870	(II) the insurance policy is not renewed on an annual basis; or
871	(c) in a case not described in Subsection (125)(a) or (b), the calendar year.
872	(126) (a) "Policy" means a document, including [any] an attached endorsement or
873	application that:
874	(i) purports to be an enforceable contract; and
875	(ii) memorializes in writing some or all of the terms of an insurance contract.
876	(b) "Policy" includes a service contract issued by:
877	(i) a motor club under Chapter 11, Motor Clubs;
878	(ii) a service contract provided under Chapter 6a, Service Contracts; and
879	(iii) a corporation licensed under:
880	(A) Chapter 7, Nonprofit Health Service Insurance Corporations; or
881	(B) Chapter 8, Health Maintenance Organizations and Limited Health Plans.
882	(c) "Policy" does not include:
883	(i) a certificate under a group insurance contract; or
884	(ii) a document that does not purport to have legal effect.
885	(127) "Policyholder" means a person who controls a policy, binder, or oral contract by
886	ownership, premium payment, or otherwise.
887	(128) "Policy illustration" means a presentation or depiction that includes
888	nonguaranteed elements of a policy of life insurance over a period of years.
889	(129) "Policy summary" means a synopsis describing the elements of a life insurance
890	policy.
891	(130) "Preexisting condition," with respect to a health benefit plan:
892	(a) means a condition that was present before the effective date of coverage, whether or
893	not medical advice, diagnosis, care, or treatment was recommended or received before that day;
894	and
895	(b) does not include a condition indicated by genetic information unless an actual
896	diagnosis of the condition by a physician has been made.
897	(131) (a) "Premium" means the monetary consideration for an insurance policy.
898	(b) "Premium" includes, however designated:
899	(i) an assessment;

900	(ii) a membership fee;
901	(iii) a required contribution; or
902	(iv) monetary consideration.
903	(c) (i) "Premium" does not include consideration paid to a third party administrator for
904	the third party administrator's services.
905	(ii) "Premium" includes an amount paid by a third party administrator to an insurer for
906	insurance on the risks administered by the third party administrator.
907	(132) "Principal officers" for a corporation means the officers designated under
908	Subsection 31A-5-203(3).
909	(133) "Proceeding" includes an action or special statutory proceeding.
910	(134) "Professional liability insurance" means insurance against legal liability incident
911	to the practice of a profession and provision of a professional service.
912	(135) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (135)(b), "property insurance" means
913	insurance against loss or damage to real or personal property of every kind and any interest in
914	that property:
915	(i) from all hazards or causes; and
916	(ii) against loss consequential upon the loss or damage including vehicle
917	comprehensive and vehicle physical damage coverages.
918	(b) "Property insurance" does not include:
919	(i) inland marine insurance; and
920	(ii) ocean marine insurance.
921	(136) "Qualified long-term care insurance contract" or "federally tax qualified
922	long-term care insurance contract" means:
923	(a) an individual or group insurance contract that meets the requirements of Section
924	7702B(b), Internal Revenue Code; or
925	(b) the portion of a life insurance contract that provides long-term care insurance:
926	(i) (A) by rider; or
927	(B) as a part of the contract; and
928	(ii) that satisfies the requirements of Sections 7702B(b) and (e), Internal Revenue
929	Code.
930	(137) "Qualified United States financial institution" means an institution that:

931	(a) is:
932	(i) organized under the laws of the United States or any state; or
933	(ii) in the case of a United States office of a foreign banking organization, licensed
934	under the laws of the United States or any state;
935	(b) is regulated, supervised, and examined by a United States federal or state authority
936	having regulatory authority over a bank or trust company; and
937	(c) meets the standards of financial condition and standing that are considered
938	necessary and appropriate to regulate the quality of a financial institution whose letters of credit
939	will be acceptable to the commissioner as determined by:
940	(i) the commissioner by rule; or
941	(ii) the Securities Valuation Office of the National Association of Insurance
942	Commissioners.
943	(138) (a) "Rate" means:
944	(i) the cost of a given unit of insurance; or
945	(ii) for property or casualty insurance, that cost of insurance per exposure unit either
946	expressed as:
947	(A) a single number; or
948	(B) a pure premium rate, adjusted before the application of individual risk variations
949	based on loss or expense considerations to account for the treatment of:
950	(I) expenses;
951	(II) profit; and
952	(III) individual insurer variation in loss experience.
953	(b) "Rate" does not include a minimum premium.
954	(139) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (139)(b), "rate service organization" means
955	a person who assists an insurer in rate making or filing by:
956	(i) collecting, compiling, and furnishing loss or expense statistics;
957	(ii) recommending, making, or filing rates or supplementary rate information; or
958	(iii) advising about rate questions, except as an attorney giving legal advice.
959	(b) "Rate service organization" does not mean:
960	(i) an employee of an insurer;
961	(ii) a single insurer or group of insurers under common control;

962	(iii) a joint underwriting group; or
963	(iv) an individual serving as an actuarial or legal consultant.
964	(140) "Rating manual" means any of the following used to determine initial and
965	renewal policy premiums:
966	(a) a manual of rates;
967	(b) a classification;
968	(c) a rate-related underwriting rule; and
969	(d) a rating formula that describes steps, policies, and procedures for determining
970	initial and renewal policy premiums.
971	(141) "Received by the department" means:
972	(a) the date delivered to and stamped received by the department, if delivered in
973	person;
974	(b) the post mark date, if delivered by mail;
975	(c) the delivery service's post mark or pickup date, if delivered by a delivery service;
976	(d) the received date recorded on an item delivered, if delivered by:
977	(i) facsimile;
978	(ii) email; or
979	(iii) another electronic method; or
980	(e) a date specified in:
981	(i) a statute;
982	(ii) a rule; or
983	(iii) an order.
984	(142) "Reciprocal" or "interinsurance exchange" means an unincorporated association
985	of persons:
986	(a) operating through an attorney-in-fact common to all of the persons; and
987	(b) exchanging insurance contracts with one another that provide insurance coverage
988	on each other.
989	(143) "Reinsurance" means an insurance transaction where an insurer, for
990	consideration, transfers any portion of the risk it has assumed to another insurer. In referring to
991	reinsurance transactions, this title sometimes refers to:
992	(a) the insurer transferring the risk as the "ceding insurer"; and

993	(b) the insurer assuming the risk as the:
994	(i) "assuming insurer"; or
995	(ii) "assuming reinsurer."
996	(144) "Reinsurer" means a person licensed in this state as an insurer with the authority
997	to assume reinsurance.
998	(145) "Residential dwelling liability insurance" means insurance against liability
999	resulting from or incident to the ownership, maintenance, or use of a residential dwelling that is
1000	a detached single family residence or multifamily residence up to four units.
1001	(146) (a) "Retrocession" means reinsurance with another insurer of a liability assumed
1002	under a reinsurance contract.
1003	(b) A reinsurer "retrocedes" when the reinsurer reinsures with another insurer part of a
1004	liability assumed under a reinsurance contract.
1005	(147) "Rider" means an endorsement to:
1006	(a) an insurance policy; or
1007	(b) an insurance certificate.
1008	(148) (a) "Security" means a:
1009	(i) note;
1010	(ii) stock;
1011	(iii) bond;
1012	(iv) debenture;
1013	(v) evidence of indebtedness;
1014	(vi) certificate of interest or participation in a profit-sharing agreement;
1015	(vii) collateral-trust certificate;
1016	(viii) preorganization certificate or subscription;
1017	(ix) transferable share;
1018	(x) investment contract;
1019	(xi) voting trust certificate;
1020	(xii) certificate of deposit for a security;
1021	(xiii) certificate of interest of participation in an oil, gas, or mining title or lease or in
1022	payments out of production under such a title or lease;
1023	(xiv) commodity contract or commodity option;

1024	(xv) certificate of interest or participation in, temporary or interim certificate for,
1025	receipt for, guarantee of, or warrant or right to subscribe to or purchase any of the items listed
1026	in Subsections (148)(a)(i) through (xiv); or
1027	(xvi) another interest or instrument commonly known as a security.
1028	(b) "Security" does not include:
1029	(i) any of the following under which an insurance company promises to pay money in a
1030	specific lump sum or periodically for life or some other specified period:
1031	(A) insurance;
1032	(B) an endowment policy; or
1033	(C) an annuity contract; or
1034	(ii) a burial certificate or burial contract.
1035	(149) "Secondary medical condition" means a complication related to an exclusion
1036	from coverage in accident and health insurance.
1037	(150) "Self-insurance" means an arrangement under which a person provides for
1038	spreading its own risks by a systematic plan.
1039	(a) Except as provided in this Subsection (150), "self-insurance" does not include an
1040	arrangement under which a number of persons spread their risks among themselves.
1041	(b) "Self-insurance" includes:
1042	(i) an arrangement by which a governmental entity undertakes to indemnify an
1043	employee for liability arising out of the employee's employment; and
1044	(ii) an arrangement by which a person with a managed program of self-insurance and
1045	risk management undertakes to indemnify its affiliates, subsidiaries, directors, officers, or
1046	employees for liability or risk that is related to the relationship or employment.
1047	(c) "Self-insurance" does not include an arrangement with an independent contractor.
1048	(151) "Sell" means to exchange a contract of insurance:
1049	(a) by any means;
1050	(b) for money or its equivalent; and
1051	(c) on behalf of an insurance company.
1052	(152) "Short-term care insurance" means an insurance policy or rider advertised,
1053	marketed, offered, or designed to provide coverage that is similar to long-term care insurance,
1054	but that provides coverage for less than 12 consecutive months for each covered person.

1055 (153) "Significant break in coverage" means a period of 63 consecutive days during each of which an individual does not have creditable coverage.

- 1057 (154) "Small employer," in connection with a health benefit plan, means an employer who, with respect to a calendar year and to a plan year:
 - (a) employed an average of at least two employees but not more than 50 eligible employees on each business day during the preceding calendar year; and
 - (b) employs at least two employees on the first day of the plan year.
- 1062 (155) "Special enrollment period," in connection with a health benefit plan, has the same meaning as provided in federal regulations adopted pursuant to the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996, Pub. L. [No.] 104-191, 110 Stat. 1936.
 - (156) (a) "Subsidiary" of a person means an affiliate controlled by that person either directly or indirectly through one or more affiliates or intermediaries.
 - (b) "Wholly owned subsidiary" of a person is a subsidiary of which all of the voting shares are owned by that person either alone or with its affiliates, except for the minimum number of shares the law of the subsidiary's domicile requires to be owned by directors or others.
- 1071 (157) Subject to Subsection (83)(b), "surety insurance" includes:
- 1072 (a) a guarantee against loss or damage resulting from the failure of a principal to pay or perform the principal's obligations to a creditor or other obligee;
 - (b) bail bond insurance; and
- 1075 (c) fidelity insurance.

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- 1076 (158) (a) "Surplus" means the excess of assets over the sum of paid-in capital and liabilities.
- 1078 (b) (i) "Permanent surplus" means the surplus of a mutual insurer that is designated by the insurer as permanent.
- 1080 (ii) Sections 31A-5-211, 31A-7-201, 31A-8-209, 31A-9-209, and 31A-14-209 require 1081 that mutuals doing business in this state maintain specified minimum levels of permanent 1082 surplus.
- 1083 (iii) Except for assessable mutuals, the minimum permanent surplus requirement is the same as the minimum required capital requirement that applies to stock insurers.
- 1085 (c) "Excess surplus" means:

1086	(i) for a life insurer, accident and health insurer, health organization, or property and
1087	casualty insurer as defined in Section 31A-17-601, the lesser of:
1088	(A) that amount of an insurer's or health organization's total adjusted capital that
1089	exceeds the product of:
1090	(I) 2.5; and
1091	(II) the sum of the insurer's or health organization's minimum capital or permanent
1092	surplus required under Section 31A-5-211, 31A-9-209, or 31A-14-205; or
1093	(B) that amount of an insurer's or health organization's total adjusted capital that
1094	exceeds the product of:
1095	(I) 3.0; and
1096	(II) the authorized control level RBC as defined in Subsection 31A-17-601(8)(a); and
1097	(ii) for a monoline mortgage guaranty insurer, financial guaranty insurer, or title insurer
1098	that amount of an insurer's paid-in-capital and surplus that exceeds the product of:
1099	(A) 1.5; and
1100	(B) the insurer's total adjusted capital required by Subsection 31A-17-609(1).
1101	(159) "Third party administrator" or "administrator" means a person who collects
1102	charges or premiums from, or who, for consideration, adjusts or settles claims of residents of
1103	the state in connection with insurance coverage, annuities, or service insurance coverage,
1104	except:
1105	(a) a union on behalf of its members;
1106	(b) a person administering a:
1107	(i) pension plan subject to the federal Employee Retirement Income Security Act of
1108	1974;
1109	(ii) governmental plan as defined in Section 414(d), Internal Revenue Code; or
1110	(iii) nonelecting church plan as described in Section 410(d), Internal Revenue Code;
1111	(c) an employer on behalf of the employer's employees or the employees of one or
1112	more of the subsidiary or affiliated corporations of the employer;
1113	(d) an insurer licensed under Chapter 5, 7, 8, 9, or 14, but only for a line of insurance
1114	for which the insurer holds a license in this state; or
1115	(e) a person:
1116	(i) licensed or exempt from licensing under:

(A) Chapter 23a, Insurance Marketing - Licensing Producers, Consultants, and
Reinsurance Intermediaries; or
(B) Chapter 26, Insurance Adjusters; and
(ii) whose activities are limited to those authorized under the license the person holds
or for which the person is exempt.
(160) "Title insurance" means the insuring, guaranteeing, or indemnifying of an owner
of real or personal property or the holder of liens or encumbrances on that property, or others
interested in the property against loss or damage suffered by reason of liens or encumbrances
upon, defects in, or the unmarketability of the title to the property, or invalidity or
unenforceability of any liens or encumbrances on the property.
(161) "Total adjusted capital" means the sum of an insurer's or health organization's
statutory capital and surplus as determined in accordance with:
(a) the statutory accounting applicable to the annual financial statements required to be
filed under Section 31A-4-113; and
(b) another item provided by the RBC instructions, as RBC instructions is defined in
Section 31A-17-601.
(162) (a) "Trustee" means "director" when referring to the board of directors of a
corporation.
(b) "Trustee," when used in reference to an employee welfare fund, means an
individual, firm, association, organization, joint stock company, or corporation, whether acting
individually or jointly and whether designated by that name or any other, that is charged with
or has the overall management of an employee welfare fund.
(163) (a) "Unauthorized insurer," "unadmitted insurer," or "nonadmitted insurer"
means an insurer:
(i) not holding a valid certificate of authority to do an insurance business in this state;
or
(ii) transacting business not authorized by a valid certificate.
(b) "Admitted insurer" or "authorized insurer" means an insurer:
(i) holding a valid certificate of authority to do an insurance business in this state; and
(ii) transacting business as authorized by a valid certificate.
(164) "Underwrite" means the authority to accept or reject risk on behalf of the insurer.

1148	(165) "Vehicle liability insurance" means insurance against liability resulting from or
1149	incident to ownership, maintenance, or use of a land vehicle or aircraft, exclusive of a vehicle
1150	comprehensive or vehicle physical damage coverage under Subsection (135).
1151	(166) "Voting security" means a security with voting rights, and includes a security
1152	convertible into a security with a voting right associated with the security.
1153	(167) "Waiting period" for a health benefit plan means the period that must pass before
1154	coverage for an individual, who is otherwise eligible to enroll under the terms of the health
1155	benefit plan, can become effective.
1156	(168) "Workers' compensation insurance" means:
1157	(a) insurance for indemnification of an employer against liability for compensation
1158	based on:
1159	(i) a compensable accidental injury; and
1160	(ii) occupational disease disability;
1161	(b) employer's liability insurance incidental to workers' compensation insurance and
1162	written in connection with workers' compensation insurance; and
1163	(c) insurance assuring to a person entitled to workers' compensation benefits the
1164	compensation provided by law.
1165	Section 2. Section 31A-2-403 is amended to read:
1166	31A-2-403. Title and Escrow Commission created.
1167	(1) (a) Subject to Subsection (1)(b), there is created within the department the Title and
1168	Escrow Commission that is comprised of five members appointed by the governor with the
1169	consent of the Senate as follows:
1170	(i) four members shall each:
1171	(A) be or have been licensed under the title insurance line of authority; [and]
1172	(B) as of the day on which the member is appointed, be or have been licensed with the
1173	search or escrow subline of authority for at least five years; and
1174	(C) as of the day on which the member is appointed, not be from the same county as
1175	another member appointed under this Subsection (1)(a)(i); and
1176	(ii) one member shall be a member of the general public from any county in the state.
1177	(b) No more than one commission member may be appointed from a single company.
1178	(2) (a) Subject to Subsection (2)(c), a [member of the] commission member shall file

with the [department] commissioner a disclosure of any position of employment or ownership interest that the [member of the] commission member has with respect to a person that is subject to the jurisdiction of the [department] commissioner.

(b) The disclosure statement required by this Subsection (2) shall be:

- (i) filed by no later than the day on which the person begins that person's appointment; and
 - (ii) amended when a significant change occurs in any matter required to be disclosed under this Subsection (2).
 - (c) A [member of the] commission member is not required to disclose an ownership interest that the [member of the] commission member has if the ownership interest is held as part of a mutual fund, trust, or similar investment.
 - (3) (a) Except as required by Subsection (3)(b), as terms of current commission members expire, the governor shall appoint each new <u>commission</u> member to a four-year term ending on June 30.
 - (b) Notwithstanding the requirements of Subsection (3)(a), the governor shall, at the time of appointment, adjust the length of terms to ensure that the terms of the commission members are staggered so that approximately half of the commission is appointed every two years.
 - (c) A commission member may not serve more than one consecutive term.
 - (d) When a vacancy occurs in the membership for any reason, the governor, with the consent of the Senate, shall appoint a replacement for the unexpired term.
 - (e) Notwithstanding the other provisions of this Subsection (3), a commission member serves until a successor is appointed by the governor with the consent of the Senate.
 - (4) (a) A [member of the] commission member may not receive compensation or benefits for the <u>commission</u> member's services, but may receive per diem and expenses incurred in the performance of the <u>commission</u> member's official duties at the rates established by the Division of Finance under Sections 63A-3-106 and 63A-3-107.
 - (b) A <u>commission</u> member may decline to receive per diem and expenses for the <u>commission</u> member's service.
- 1208 (5) Members of the commission shall annually select one <u>commission</u> member to serve as chair.

1210	(6) (a) The commission shall meet at least monthly.
1211	(b) The commissioner may call additional meetings:
1212	(i) at the commissioner's discretion;
1213	(ii) upon the request of the chair of the commission; or
1214	(iii) upon the written request of three or more commission members.
1215	(c) (i) Three [members of the] commission members constitute a quorum for the
1216	transaction of business.
1217	(ii) The action of a majority of the commission members when a quorum is present is
1218	the action of the commission.
1219	(7) The [department] commissioner shall staff the commission.
1220	Section 3. Section 31A-2-404 is amended to read:
1221	31A-2-404. Duties of the commissioner and Title and Escrow Commission.
1222	(1) Notwithstanding the other provisions of this chapter, to the extent provided in this
1223	part, the commissioner shall administer and enforce the provisions in this title related to:
1224	(a) title insurance; and
1225	(b) escrow conducted by a title licensee or title insurer.
1226	(2) The commission shall:
1227	(a) in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, and
1228	subject to Subsection (3), make rules for the administration of the provisions in this title related
1229	to title insurance including rules related to:
1230	(i) rating standards and rating methods for <u>a</u> title [agencies and producers] <u>licensee</u> , as
1231	provided in Section 31A-19a-209;
1232	(ii) the licensing for a title licensee, including the licensing requirements of Sections
1233	31A-23a-203 and 31A-23a-204;
1234	(iii) continuing education requirements of Section 31A-23a-202;
1235	(iv) examination procedures, after consultation with the [department] commissioner
1236	and the [department's] commissioner's test administrator when required by Section
1237	31A-23a-204; and
1238	(v) standards of conduct for a title licensee;
1239	(b) concur in the issuance and renewal of [licenses] a license in accordance with
1240	Section 31A-23a-105 or 31A-26-203;

1241	(c) in accordance with Section 31A-3-103, establish, with the concurrence of the
1242	[department] commissioner, [all] the fees imposed by this title on a title licensee;
1243	(d) in accordance with Section 31A-23a-415 determine, after consulting with the
1244	commissioner, the assessment on a title insurer as defined in Section 31A-23a-415;
1245	(e) conduct [all] an administrative [hearings] hearing not delegated by the commission
1246	to an administrative law judge related to the:
1247	(i) licensing of [any] an applicant;
1248	(ii) conduct of [any] a title licensee; or
1249	(iii) approval of <u>a</u> continuing education [programs] program required by Section
1250	31A-23a-202;
1251	[(f) with the concurrence of the commissioner, approve assets that can be included in a
1252	reserve fund required by Section 31A-23a-204;]
1253	$[\underline{(g)}]$ (f) with the concurrence of the commissioner, approve \underline{a} continuing education
1254	[programs] program required by Section 31A-23a-202;
1255	[(h)] (g) with the concurrence of the commissioner, impose [penalties] a penalty:
1256	(i) under this title related to:
1257	(A) title insurance; or
1258	(B) escrow conducted by a title licensee;
1259	(ii) after investigation by the [department] commissioner in accordance with Part 3,
1260	Procedures and Enforcement; and
1261	(iii) that [are] is enforced by the commissioner;
1262	[(i)] (h) advise the commissioner on the administration and enforcement of any
1263	[matters] matter affecting the title insurance industry;
1264	[(j)] <u>(i)</u> advise the commissioner on matters affecting the [department's]
1265	commissioner's budget related to title insurance; and
1266	[(k)] (j) perform other duties as provided in this title.
1267	(3) The commission may make a rule under this title only if at the time the commission
1268	files its proposed rule and rule analysis with the Division of Administrative Rules in
1269	accordance with Section 63G-3-301, the commission provides the Real Estate Commission that
1270	same information.
1271	(4) (a) The commissioner shall annually report the information described in Subsection

1272	(4)(b) in writing to:
1273	(i) the commission; and
1274	(ii) the Business and Labor Interim Committee.
1275	(b) The information required to be reported under this Subsection (4):
1276	(i) may not identify a person; and
1277	(ii) shall include:
1278	(A) the number of complaints the [department] commissioner receives with regard to
1279	transactions involving title insurance or a title licensee during the calendar year immediately
1280	proceeding the report;
1281	(B) the type of complaints described in Subsection (4)(b)(ii)(A); and
1282	(C) for each complaint described in Subsection (4)(b)(ii)(A):
1283	(I) any action taken by the [department] commissioner with regard to the complaint;
1284	and
1285	(II) the time-period beginning the day on which a complaint is made and ending the
1286	day on which the [department] commissioner determines it will take no further action with
1287	regard to the complaint.
1288	Section 4. Section 31A-3-103 is amended to read:
1289	31A-3-103. Fees.
1290	(1) For purposes of this section[: (a) "Services"], "services" means functions that are
1291	reasonable and necessary to enable the commissioner to perform the duties imposed by this title
1292	including:
1293	[(i)] (a) issuing [and] or renewing [licenses and certificates] a license or certificate of
1294	authority;
1295	[(ii)] (b) filing a policy [forms] form;
1296	[(iii)] (c) reporting [agent appointments and terminations] a producer appointment or
1297	termination; and
1298	[(iv)] (d) filing an annual [statements] statement.
1299	(2) Except as otherwise provided by this title:
1300	(a) the commissioner may set and collect a fee for services provided by the
1301	commissioner;
1302	(b) [Fees] a fee related to the renewal of [licenses] a license may be imposed no more

1303	frequently than once each year[-]; and
1304	[(2) A] (c) a fee charged by the [department] commissioner shall be set in accordance
1305	with Section 63J-1-504.
1306	(3) (a) A fee [approved by the Legislature] established pursuant to this section shall be
1307	deposited into the General Fund for appropriation by the Legislature.
1308	(b) A fee [approved] established pursuant to this section that relates to the use of
1309	electronic or other similar technology to provide the services of the [department] commissione
1310	shall be deposited into the General Fund as a dedicated credit to be used by the [department]
1311	commissioner to provide services through use of electronic commerce or other similar
1312	technology.
1313	(4) (a) The commissioner shall [separately] publish [the] a schedule of fees [approved
1314	by the Legislature and make it available upon request for \$1 per copy. This fee schedule shall
1315	also be included in any compilation of rules promulgated by the commissioner] established
1316	pursuant to this section.
1317	[(5)] (b) The commissioner shall, by rule, establish the deadlines for payment of $[any]$
1318	<u>a</u> fee established [by the department in accordance with] <u>pursuant to</u> this section.
1319	Section 5. Section 31A-3-104 is amended to read:
1320	31A-3-104. Electronic commerce dedicated fees.
1321	(1) The [department] commissioner may charge a fee for requests for information:
1322	(a) that is obtained from an electronic database of the [department] commissioner; or
1323	(b) derived from data that is generated by electronic means.
1324	(2) In addition to any fee authorized in this title, the [department] commissioner shall
1325	impose a supplemental fee on the issuance or renewal of any of the following issued by the
1326	department:
1327	(a) a license;
1328	(b) a registration; or
1329	(c) a certificate of authority.
1330	(3) A fee imposed under this section shall be:
1331	(a) established in accordance with [Subsection 31A-3-103(3)] Section 31A-3-103; and
1332	(b) deposited into the General Fund as a dedicated credit in accordance with
1333	Subsection 31A-3-103(3).

1334	Section 6. Section 31A-3-304 (Superseded 07/01/10) is amended to read:
1335	31A-3-304 (Superseded 07/01/10). Annual fees Other taxes or fees prohibited.
1336	(1) (a) A captive insurance company shall pay an annual fee imposed under this section
1337	to obtain or renew a certificate of authority.
1338	(b) The commissioner shall:
1339	(i) determine the annual fee pursuant to [Sections] Section 31A-3-103 [and
1340	63J-1-504]; and
1341	(ii) consider whether the annual fee is competitive with fees imposed by other states on
1342	captive insurance companies.
1343	(2) A captive insurance company that fails to pay the fee required by this section is
1344	subject to the relevant sanctions of this title.
1345	(3) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (3)(b) and notwithstanding Title 59, Chapter
1346	9, Taxation of Admitted Insurers, the fee provided for in this section constitutes the sole tax or
1347	fee under the laws of this state that may be otherwise levied or assessed on a captive insurance
1348	company, and no other occupation tax or other tax or fee may be levied or collected from a
1349	captive insurance company by the state or a county, city, or municipality within this state.
1350	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), a captive insurance company is subject to real
1351	and personal property taxes.
1352	(4) A captive insurance company shall pay the fee imposed by this section to the
1353	[department] commissioner by March 31 of each year.
1354	(5) (a) The funds received pursuant to Subsection (2) shall be deposited into the
1355	General Fund as a dedicated credit to be used by the [department] commissioner to:
1356	(i) administer and enforce Chapter 37, Captive Insurance Companies Act; and
1357	(ii) promote the captive insurance industry in Utah.
1358	(b) At the end of each fiscal year, funds received by the [department] commissioner in
1359	excess of \$250,000 shall be treated as free revenue in the General Fund.
1360	Section 7. Section 31A-3-304 (Effective 07/01/10) is amended to read:
1361	31A-3-304 (Effective 07/01/10). Annual fees Other taxes or fees prohibited.
1362	(1) (a) A captive insurance company shall pay an annual fee imposed under this section
1363	to obtain or renew a certificate of authority.
1364	(b) The commissioner shall:

1365	(i) determine the annual fee pursuant to [Sections] Section 31A-3-103 [and
1366	63J-1-504]; and
1367	(ii) consider whether the annual fee is competitive with fees imposed by other states on
1368	captive insurance companies.
1369	(2) A captive insurance company that fails to pay the fee required by this section is
1370	subject to the relevant sanctions of this title.
1371	(3) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (3)(b) and notwithstanding Title 59, Chapter
1372	9, Taxation of Admitted Insurers, the fee provided for in this section constitutes the sole tax or
1373	fee under the laws of this state that may be otherwise levied or assessed on a captive insurance
1374	company, and no other occupation tax or other tax or fee may be levied or collected from a
1375	captive insurance company by the state or a county, city, or municipality within this state.
1376	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), a captive insurance company is subject to real
1377	and personal property taxes.
1378	(4) A captive insurance company shall pay the fee imposed by this section to the
1379	[department] commissioner by March 31 of each year.
1380	(5) (a) The funds received pursuant to Subsection (2) shall be deposited into the
1381	General Fund as a dedicated credit to be used by the [department] commissioner to:
1382	(i) administer and enforce Chapter 37, Captive Insurance Companies Act; and
1383	(ii) promote the captive insurance industry in Utah.
1384	(b) At the end of each fiscal year, funds received by the [department] commissioner in
1385	excess of \$750,000 shall be treated as free revenue in the General Fund.
1386	Section 8. Section 31A-5-217.5 is amended to read:
1387	31A-5-217.5. Variable contract law.
1388	(1) This section applies to $[all]$ \underline{a} separate $[accounts]$ $\underline{account}$ that $[are]$ \underline{is} used to
1389	support [any] one or more of the following:
1390	(a) <u>a</u> variable life insurance [policies] <u>policy</u> that [satisfy] <u>satisfies</u> the requirements of
1391	Section 817, Internal Revenue Code;
1392	(b) <u>a</u> variable annuity [contracts] <u>policy</u> , including <u>a</u> modified guaranteed [annuities]
1393	annuity; or
1394	(c) benefits under [plans] a plan governed by the Employee Retirement Income
1395	Security Act of 1974.

1396	(2) [In the event of] If there is a conflict between this section and [any other] another
1397	section of this title as it relates to [these accounts] a separate account described in Subsection
1398	(1), this section prevails.
1399	(3) [A] (a) Subject to the other provisions of this Subsection (3), a domestic life
1400	[insurance company] insurer may:
1401	(i) establish one or more separate accounts[,]; and [may]
1402	(ii) allocate to those separate accounts amounts, which include:
1403	(A) proceeds applied under optional modes of settlement or under dividend options, to
1404	provide for life insurance or annuities[;]; and
1405	(B) benefits incidental to life insurance or annuities, payable in fixed [or], variable, or
1406	both fixed and variable amounts [or both, subject to the following:].
1407	[(a) The] (b) An insurer shall credit to or charge against a separate account the income,
1408	gains, and losses, realized or unrealized, from assets allocated to [a] the separate account [shall
1409	be credited to or charged against the account], without regard to other income, gains, or losses
1410	of the [company] insurer.
1411	[(b)] (c) Except as may be provided with respect to reserves for guaranteed benefits
1412	and funds referred to in Subsection [(e)] $(3)(d)$:
1413	(i) an insurer may invest or reinvest amounts allocated to [any] a separate account and
1414	accumulations on [such] those amounts [may be invested and reinvested] without regard to
1415	[any] the requirements or limitations prescribed by the laws of this state governing the
1416	investments of <u>a</u> life [insurance companies] insurer; and
1417	(ii) an insurer may not take into account the investments in [any such] a separate
1418	account [may not be taken into account] in applying the investment limitations that otherwise
1419	apply to the investments of the [company] insurer.
1420	[(c)] (d) Except with the approval of the commissioner and under any [conditions]
1421	condition the commissioner prescribes as to investments and other matters [as he may
1422	prescribe], which shall recognize the guaranteed nature of the benefits provided, an insurer may
1423	not maintain in a separate account reserves for:
1424	(i) benefits guaranteed as to dollar amount and duration[;]; and
1425	(ii) funds guaranteed as to principal amount or stated rate of interest [may not be
1426	maintained in a separate account].

1427	[(d) Unless] (e) (i) Except as provided in Subsection (3)(e)(ii) and unless otherwise
1428	approved by the commissioner, assets allocated to a separate account shall be valued:
1429	(A) at their market value on the date of valuation[7]; or
1430	(B) if there is no readily available market, then as provided under the terms of the
1431	contract [or the], rules, or other written agreement that applies to the separate account.
1432	[However, unless]
1433	(ii) Unless otherwise approved by the commissioner, the portion of [any of] the assets
1434	of [the] a separate account that are equal to the [company's] insurer's reserve liability with
1435	regard to the guaranteed benefits and funds referred to in Subsection [(e)] (3)(d) shall be valued
1436	in accordance with the rules that otherwise apply to the company's assets.
1437	[(e) Amounts allocated] (f)(i) An insurer owns the amounts it allocates to a separate
1438	account in the exercise of the power granted by this section [shall be owned by the company,
1439	and the company], and the insurer may not be, nor hold itself out to be, a trustee with respect to
1440	those amounts. [If, and to]
1441	(ii) To the extent provided under the applicable [contracts, that] insurance policy, an
1442	insurer may not charge the portion of the assets of [any] a separate account that is equal to the
1443	reserves and other [contract] insurance liabilities with respect to the separate account [may not
1444	be chargeable] with liabilities arising out of any other business the [company] insurer may
1445	conduct.
1446	$[\frac{f}{g}]$ (g) (i) A sale, exchange, or other transfer of assets may not be made by $[\frac{1}{g}]$
1447	company] an insurer between any of its separate accounts or between any other investment
1448	account and one or more of its separate accounts unless[7]:
1449	(A) in case of a transfer into a separate account, the transfer is made solely to establish
1450	the account or to support the operation of the [contracts] insurance policies with respect to the
1451	separate account to which the transfer is made[;]; and [unless]
1452	(B) the transfer, whether into or from a separate account, is made by:
1453	(I) a transfer of cash[;]; or [by]
1454	(II) if the transfer of securities is approved by the commissioner, a transfer of securities
1455	having a readily determinable market value[, if the transfer of securities is approved by the
1456	commissioner].
1457	(ii) The commissioner may approve [other transfers] a transfer not described in

1458 Subsection (2)(g)(i) among [such] the accounts described in Subsection (2)(g)(i) if, in [his] the 1459 commissioner's opinion, the [transfers] transfer would not be inequitable. 1460 [(g)] (h) To the extent [a company] an insurer considers it necessary to comply with 1461 [any] an applicable federal or state [laws, the company,] law, the insurer with respect to [any] a 1462 separate account, including [any] a separate account which is a management investment 1463 company or a unit investment trust, may provide for [persons] a person having an interest in the 1464 separate account to have appropriate voting and other rights and special procedures for the 1465 conduct of the business of the separate account, including: 1466 (i) special rights and procedures relating to investment policy[-]; 1467 (ii) investment advisory services[;]; 1468 (iii) selection of independent public accountants[-]; and 1469 (iv) the selection of a committee, the members of which need not be otherwise 1470 affiliated with the [company] insurer, to manage the business of the separate account. 1471 [(4) Any contract providing benefits payable in variable amounts delivered or issued 1472 for delivery in this state shall contain a statement of the essential features of the procedures to 1473 be followed by the insurance company in determining the dollar amount of the variable 1474 benefits. Any contract under which the benefits vary to reflect investment experience, 1475 including a group contract and any certificate in evidence of variable benefits issued under a 1476 group contract, shall state that the dollar amount will vary according to investment experience. 1477 The contract shall contain on its first page a statement to the effect that the benefits under the 1478 contract are on a variable basis.] 1479 [(5) (a) A company may not deliver or issue for delivery within this state variable 1480 contracts unless it is licensed or organized to do a life insurance or annuity business in this 1481 state, and the commissioner is satisfied that its condition or method of operation in connection 1482 with the issuance of such contracts will not render its operation hazardous to the public or its 1483 policyholders in this state. In this connection, the commissioner shall consider among other 1484 things: 1485 (i) the history and financial condition of the company; 1486 [(ii) the character, responsibility, and fitness of the officers and directors of the 1487 company; and] 1488 (iii) (A) the law and regulation under which the company is authorized in the state of

1489	domicile to issue variable contracts.]
1490	[(B) The state of entry of an alien company shall be considered its place of domicile for
1491	the purposes of Subsection (iii)(A).]
1492	[(b) If the company is a subsidiary of an admitted life insurance company, or affiliated
1493	with such a company through common management or ownership, it may be considered by the
1494	commissioner to have met the provisions of this section if either it or the parent or the affiliated
1495	company meets the requirements of this section.]
1496	[(6) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the commissioner shall have sole
1497	authority to regulate the issuance and sale of variable contracts, and to make rules necessary
1498	and appropriate to carry out the purposes and provisions of this chapter.]
1499	[(7) (a) Except for Sections 31A-22-402, 31A-22-407, and 31A-22-409, in the case of
1500	a variable annuity contract and Sections 31A-22-402, 31A-22-407, and 31A-22-408 in the case
1501	of a variable life insurance policy, and except as otherwise provided in this chapter, all
1502	pertinent provisions of this title apply to separate accounts and contracts relating to the separate
1503	accounts. Any individual variable life insurance contract, delivered or issued for delivery in
1504	this state shall contain grace, reinstatement, and nonforfeiture provisions appropriate to the
1505	contract.]
1506	[(b) The reserve liability for variable contracts shall be established in accordance with
1507	actuarial procedures that recognize the variable nature of the benefits provided and any
1508	mortality guarantees.]
1509	Section 9. Section 31A-15-208 is amended to read:
1510	31A-15-208. Purchasing groups Filing and registration requirements.
1511	(1) A purchasing group [which] that intends to do business in this state shall, prior to
1512	doing business, furnish notice to the insurance commissioner:
1513	(a) identifying the state in which the <u>purchasing</u> group is domiciled;
1514	(b) identifying [all other states] any state in which the purchasing group intends to do
1515	business;
1516	(c) specifying the lines and classifications of liability insurance [which] that the
1517	purchasing group intends to purchase;
1518	(d) identifying the [insurance companies] insurers from which the group intends to
1519	purchase its insurance and the domicile of the [company] insurers;

1520	(e) specifying the method by which, and any persons through whom, insurance will be
1521	offered to group members whose risks are resident or located in this state;
1522	(f) identifying the principal place of business of the <u>purchasing</u> group; and
1523	(g) providing any other information required by the [insurance] commissioner to verify
1524	that the purchasing group is [qualified within the definition in Subsection] a "purchasing
1525	group," as defined in Section 31A-15-202[(10)].
1526	(2) A purchasing group shall notify the commissioner of [any changes in any of the
1527	items] a change in an item listed in Subsection (1) within ten days of the change.
1528	(3) [The] (a) A purchasing group shall annually register with the commissioner and
1529	pay a filing fee. [The]
1530	(b) A purchasing group shall designate the commissioner as its agent solely for the
1531	purpose of receiving service of legal documents or process.
1532	(c) The registration and fee requirements of this Subsection (3) do not apply to a
1533	purchasing group [which] that only purchases insurance that was authorized under the Product
1534	Liability Risk Retention Act of 1981, and [which] that:
1535	[(a)] (i) in any state of the United States:
1536	[(i)] (A) was domiciled before April 1, 1986; and
1537	[(ii)] (B) is domiciled after October 27, 1986;
1538	[(b) (i)] (ii) (A) before October 27, 1986, purchased insurance from an [insurance
1539	carrier] insurer licensed in any state; and
1540	[(ii)] (B) since October 27, 1986, purchased its insurance from an [insurance carrier]
1541	<u>insurer</u> licensed in any state; or
1542	[(c)] (iii) was a purchasing group under the requirements of the Product Liability Risk
1543	Retention Act of 1981 before October 27, 1986.
1544	(4) $[Each]$ A purchasing group that is required to give notice under Subsection (1) shall
1545	also furnish information required by the commissioner to:
1546	(a) verify that the entity qualifies as a purchasing group;
1547	(b) determine where the purchasing group is located; and
1548	(c) determine appropriate tax treatment of the <u>purchasing</u> group.
1549	Section 10. Section 31A-20-106 is amended to read:
1550	31A-20-106. Variable contracts.

1551	[No] (1) (a) An insurer may not deliver or issue for delivery within this state [any
1552	contract providing] an insurance policy that provides a life or annuity [benefits in variable
1553	amounts] benefit in a variable amount until the insurer [has satisfied]:
1554	(i) is licensed to do a life insurance or annuity business in this state; and
1555	(ii) satisfies the commissioner that [its] the insurer's condition and methods of
1556	operation in connection with those types of [contracts] insurance policies do not render [its] the
1557	<u>insurer's</u> operation hazardous to the public or its policyholders in [Utah] this state.
1558	(b) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the commissioner has sole authority
1559	<u>to:</u>
1560	(i) regulate the issuance and sale of a variable contract; and
1561	(ii) make rules necessary and appropriate to carry out this chapter in relation to a
1562	variable contract.
1563	(2) In determining the qualification of an insurer requesting authority to deliver [those
1564	contracts in Utah] an insurance policy described in Subsection (1) in this state, the
1565	commissioner shall consider:
1566	[(1)] (a) the history and financial condition of the insurer;
1567	$[\frac{(2)}{(b)}]$ the character, responsibility, and general fitness of the insurer's officers and
1568	directors; and
1569	$[\frac{3}{2}]$ (c) in the case of a foreign insurer, whether the regulation provided by the state of
1570	its domicile or the jurisdiction in which its head office is located provides protection to
1571	policyholders and the public substantially equal to that provided by [the Insurance Code] this
1572	title and the rules issued under [it] this title.
1573	(3) If an insurer is a subsidiary of an admitted life insurer, or affiliated with an admitted
1574	life insurer through common management or ownership, the commissioner may consider the
1575	insurer to have met the requirements of this section if:
1576	(a) the insurer meets the requirements of this section; or
1577	(b) the parent or the affiliated insurer meets the requirements of this section.
1578	(4) This title applies to a separate account or a contract relating to the separate account,
1579	except:
1580	(a) Sections 31A-22-402, 31A-22-407, and 31A-22-409, in the case of a variable
1581	annuity policy;

1582	(b) Sections 31A-22-402, 31A-22-407, and 31A-22-408, in the case of a variable life
1583	insurance policy; and
1584	(c) as otherwise provided in this title.
1585	Section 11. Section 31A-21-201 is amended to read:
1586	31A-21-201. Filing of forms.
1587	(1) (a) Except as exempted under Subsections 31A-21-101(2) through (6), a form may
1588	not be used, sold, or offered for sale [unless] until the form [has been] is filed with the
1589	commissioner.
1590	(b) A form is considered filed with the commissioner when the commissioner receives:
1591	(i) the form;
1592	(ii) the applicable filing fee as prescribed under Section 31A-3-103; and
1593	(iii) the applicable transmittal forms as required by the commissioner.
1594	(2) In filing a form for use in this state the insurer is responsible for assuring that the
1595	form is in compliance with this title and rules adopted by the commissioner.
1596	(3) (a) The commissioner may prohibit the use of a form at any time upon a finding
1597	that:
1598	(i) the form [is]:
1599	(A) <u>is</u> inequitable;
1600	(B) <u>is</u> unfairly discriminatory;
1601	(C) <u>is</u> misleading;
1602	(D) <u>is</u> deceptive;
1603	(E) <u>is</u> obscure;
1604	(F) <u>is</u> unfair;
1605	(G) encourages misrepresentation; or
1606	(H) <u>is</u> not in the public interest;
1607	(ii) the form provides benefits or contains [other provisions that endanger] another
1608	provision that endangers the solidity of the insurer;
1609	(iii) [in the case of the basic policy and the application for a basic policy, the basic]
1610	except an application required by Section 31A-22-635, the form is an insurance policy or
1611	application for [the basic] an insurance policy that fails to conspicuously, as defined by rule,
1612	provide:

1613	(A) the exact name of the insurer;
1614	(B) the state of domicile of the insurer filing the [basic] insurance policy or application
1615	for the [basic] insurance policy; and
1616	(C) for <u>a</u> life insurance and annuity [policies] <u>insurance policy</u> only, the address of the
1617	administrative office of the insurer filing the [basic] insurance policy or application for the
1618	[basic] insurance policy;
1619	(iv) the form violates a statute or a rule adopted by the commissioner; or
1620	(v) the form is otherwise contrary to law.
1621	(b) Subsection (3)(a)(iii) does not apply to [riders and endorsements] an endorsement
1622	to [a basic] an insurance policy.
1623	(c) (i) [Whenever] When the commissioner prohibits the use of a form under
1624	Subsection (3)(a), the commissioner may order that, on or before a date not less than 15 days
1625	after the order, the use of the form be discontinued.
1626	(ii) Once $\underline{\text{use of}}$ a form [has been] $\underline{\text{is}}$ prohibited, the form may not be used [unless] $\underline{\text{until}}$
1627	appropriate changes are filed with and reviewed by the commissioner.
1628	(iii) [Whenever] When the commissioner prohibits the use of a form under Subsection
1629	(3)(a), the commissioner may require the insurer to disclose contract deficiencies to the
1630	existing policyholders.
1631	(d) If the commissioner prohibits use of a form under this Subsection (3), the
1632	prohibition shall:
1633	(i) be in writing;
1634	(ii) constitute an order; and
1635	(iii) state the reasons for the prohibition.
1636	(4) (a) If, after a hearing, the commissioner determines that it is in the public interest,
1637	the commissioner may require by rule or order that [certain forms] a form be subject to the
1638	commissioner's approval [prior to their] before its use.
1639	(b) The rule or order described in Subsection (4)(a) shall prescribe the filing
1640	procedures for [the forms] \underline{a} form if the procedures are different [than] \underline{from} the procedures
1641	stated in this section.
1642	(c) The [types of forms that may be addressed] type of form that under Subsection
1643	(4)(a) [include] the commission may require approval of before use includes:

1644	(i) a form for a particular class of insurance;
1645	(ii) a form for a specific line of insurance;
1646	(iii) a specific type of form; or
1647	(iv) a form for a specific market segment.
1648	(5) (a) An insurer shall maintain a complete and accurate record of the following for
1649	the time period described in Subsection (5)(b):
1650	(i) [any] <u>a</u> form:
1651	(A) filed under this section for use; [and] or
1652	(B) that is in use; and
1653	(ii) [any] a document filed under this section with a form described in Subsection
1654	(5)(a)(i).
1655	(b) The insurer shall maintain a record required under Subsection (5)(a) for the balance
1656	of the current year, plus five years from:
1657	(i) the last day on which the form is used; or
1658	(ii) the last day [any] an insurance policy that is issued using the form is in effect.
1659	Section 12. Section 31A-21-301 is amended to read:
1660	31A-21-301. Clauses required to be in a prominent position.
1661	(1) The following portions of insurance policies shall appear conspicuously in the
1662	policy:
1663	(a) as required by Subsection 31A-21-201(3)(a)(iii):
1664	(i) the exact name of the insurer;
1665	(ii) the state of domicile of the insurer; and
1666	(iii) for life insurance and annuity policies only, the address of the administrative office
1667	of the insurer;
1668	(b) information that two or more insurers under Subsection (1)(a) undertake only
1669	several liability, as required by Section 31A-21-306;
1670	(c) if a policy is assessable, a statement of that;
1671	(d) a statement that benefits are variable, as required by [Subsection] Section
1672	31A-22-411[(1)]; however, the methods of calculation need not be in a prominent position;
1673	(e) the right to return a life or accident and health insurance policy under Sections
1674	31A-22-423 and 31A-22-606; and

1675	(f) the beginning and ending dates of insurance protection.
1676	(2) Each clause listed in Subsection (1) shall be displayed conspicuously and separately
1677	from any other clause.
1678	Section 13. Section 31A-22-305.3 is amended to read:
1679	31A-22-305.3. Underinsured motorist coverage.
1680	(1) As used in this section:
1681	(a) "Covered person" has the same meaning as defined in Section 31A-22-305.
1682	(b) (i) "Underinsured motor vehicle" includes a motor vehicle, the operation,
1683	maintenance, or use of which is covered under a liability policy at the time of an injury-causing
1684	occurrence, but which has insufficient liability coverage to compensate fully the injured party
1685	for all special and general damages.
1686	(ii) The term "underinsured motor vehicle" does not include:
1687	(A) a motor vehicle that is covered under the liability coverage of the same policy that
1688	also contains the underinsured motorist coverage;
1689	(B) an uninsured motor vehicle as defined in Subsection 31A-22-305(2); or
1690	(C) a motor vehicle owned or leased by:
1691	(I) [the] <u>a</u> named insured;
1692	(II) [the] <u>a</u> named insured's spouse; or
1693	(III) $[any] \underline{a}$ dependent of $[the] \underline{a}$ named insured.
1694	(2) (a) (i) Underinsured motorist coverage under Subsection 31A-22-302(1)(c)
1695	provides coverage for <u>a</u> covered [persons] person who [are] is legally entitled to recover
1696	damages from [owners or operators] an owner or operator of an underinsured motor [vehicles]
1697	vehicle because of bodily injury, sickness, disease, or death.
1698	(ii) A covered person occupying or using a motor vehicle owned, leased, or furnished
1699	to the covered person, the covered person's spouse, or covered person's resident relative may
1700	recover underinsured benefits only if the motor vehicle is:
1701	(A) described in the policy under which a claim is made; or
1702	(B) a newly acquired or replacement motor vehicle covered under the terms of the
1703	policy.
1704	(b) For new policies written on or after January 1, 2001, the limits of underinsured
1705	motorist coverage shall be equal to the lesser of the limits of the insured's motor vehicle

1706 liability coverage or the maximum underinsured motorist coverage limits available by the 1707 insurer under the insured's motor vehicle policy, unless the insured purchases coverage in a 1708 lesser amount by signing an acknowledgment form that: 1709 (i) is filed with the department; 1710 (ii) is provided by the insurer; 1711 (iii) waives the higher coverage; 1712 (iv) reasonably explains the purpose of underinsured motorist coverage; and 1713 (v) discloses the additional premiums required to purchase underinsured motorist 1714 coverage with limits equal to the lesser of the limits of the insured's motor vehicle liability 1715 coverage or the maximum underinsured motorist coverage limits available by the insurer under 1716 the insured's motor vehicle policy. 1717 (c) A self-insured, including a governmental entity, may elect to provide underinsured 1718 motorist coverage in an amount that is less than its maximum self-insured retention under 1719 Subsections (2)(b) and (2)(g) by issuing a declaratory memorandum or policy statement from the chief financial officer or chief risk officer that declares the: 1720 1721 (i) self-insured entity's coverage level; and 1722 (ii) process for filing an underinsured motorist claim. 1723 (d) Underinsured motorist coverage may not be sold with limits that are less than: 1724 (i) \$10,000 for one person in any one accident; and 1725 (ii) at least \$20,000 for two or more persons in any one accident. 1726 (e) [The] An acknowledgment under Subsection (2)(b) continues for that issuer of the 1727 underinsured motorist coverage until the insured, in writing, requests different underinsured 1728 motorist coverage from the insurer. 1729 (f) (i) The named insured's underinsured motorist coverage, as described in Subsection 1730 (2)(a), is secondary to the liability coverage of an owner or operator of an underinsured motor 1731

vehicle, as described in Subsection (1).

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- (ii) Underinsured motorist coverage may not be set off against the liability coverage of the owner or operator of an underinsured motor vehicle, but shall be added to, combined with, or stacked upon the liability coverage of the owner or operator of the underinsured motor vehicle to determine the limit of coverage available to the injured person.
 - (g) (i) A named insured may reject underinsured motorist coverage by an express

writing to the insurer that provides liability coverage under Subsection 31A-22-302(1)(a).

(ii) [This] A written rejection under this Subsection (2)(g) shall be on a form provided by the insurer that includes a reasonable explanation of the purpose of underinsured motorist coverage and when it would be applicable.

- (iii) [This] A written rejection under this Subsection (2)(g) continues for that issuer of the liability coverage until the insured in writing requests underinsured motorist coverage from that liability insurer.
- [(h) (i) In conjunction with the first two renewal notices sent after January 1, 2001, for policies existing on that date, the insurer shall disclose in the same medium as the premium renewal notice, an explanation of:]
 - [(A) the purpose of underinsured motorist coverage; and]
- [(B) the costs associated with increasing the coverage in amounts up to and including the maximum amount available by the insurer under the insured's motor vehicle policy.]
- [(ii) The disclosure required by this Subsection (2)(h) shall be sent to all insureds that carry underinsured motorist coverage limits in an amount less than the insured's motor vehicle liability policy limits or the maximum underinsured motorist coverage limits available by the insurer under the insured's motor vehicle policy.]
- (3) (a) (i) Except as provided in this Subsection (3), a covered person injured in a motor vehicle described in a policy that includes underinsured motorist benefits may not elect to collect underinsured motorist coverage benefits from [any other] another motor vehicle insurance policy.
- (ii) The limit of liability for underinsured motorist coverage for two or more motor vehicles may not be added together, combined, or stacked to determine the limit of insurance coverage available to an injured person for any one accident.
- (iii) Subsection (3)(a)(ii) applies to all persons except a covered person described under Subsections (3)(b)(i) and (ii).
- (b) (i) Except as provided in Subsection (3)(b)(ii), a covered person injured while occupying, using, or maintaining a motor vehicle that is not owned, leased, or furnished to the covered person, the covered person's spouse, or the covered person's resident parent or resident sibling, may also recover benefits under any one other policy under which [they are] the covered person is also a covered person.

1768 (ii) (A) A covered person may recover benefits from no more than two additional 1769 policies, one additional policy from each parent's household if the covered person is: 1770 (I) a dependent minor of parents who reside in separate households; and 1771 (II) injured while occupying or using a motor vehicle that is not owned, leased, or 1772 furnished to the covered person, the covered person's resident parent, or the covered person's 1773 resident sibling. 1774 (B) Each parent's policy under this Subsection (3)(b)(ii) is liable only for the 1775 percentage of the damages that the limit of liability of each parent's policy of underinsured 1776 motorist coverage bears to the total of both parents' underinsured coverage applicable to the 1777 accident. 1778 (iii) A covered person's recovery under any available policies may not exceed the full 1779 amount of damages. 1780 (iv) Underinsured coverage on a motor vehicle occupied at the time of an accident 1781 [shall be] is primary coverage, and the coverage elected by a person described under 1782 Subsections 31A-22-305(1)(a) and (b) [shall be] is secondary coverage. 1783 (v) The primary and the secondary coverage may not be set off against the other. 1784 (vi) A covered person as described under Subsection (3)(b)(i) is entitled to the highest 1785 limits of underinsured motorist coverage under only one additional policy per household 1786 applicable to that covered person as a named insured, spouse, or relative. 1787 (vii) A covered injured person is not barred against making subsequent elections if 1788 recovery is unavailable under previous elections. 1789 (viii) (A) As used in this section, "interpolicy stacking" means recovering benefits for a 1790 single incident of loss under more than one insurance policy. 1791 (B) Except to the extent permitted by this Subsection (3), interpolicy stacking is 1792 prohibited for underinsured motorist coverage. 1793 (c) Underinsured motorist coverage: 1794 (i) is secondary to the benefits provided by Title 34A, Chapter 2, Workers' 1795 Compensation Act;

(iii) may not be reduced by [any] benefits provided by workers' compensation insurance;

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(ii) may not be subrogated by [the] a workers' compensation insurance carrier;

1799	(iv) may be reduced by health insurance subrogation only after the covered person [has
1800	been] <u>is</u> made whole;
1801	(v) may not be collected for bodily injury or death sustained by a person:
1802	(A) while committing a violation of Section 41-1a-1314;
1803	(B) who, as a passenger in a vehicle, has knowledge that the vehicle is being operated
1804	in violation of Section 41-1a-1314; or
1805	(C) while committing a felony; and
1806	(vi) notwithstanding Subsection (3)(c)(v), may be recovered:
1807	(A) for a person under 18 years of age who is injured within the scope of Subsection
1808	(3)(c)(v), but <u>is</u> limited to medical and funeral expenses; or
1809	(B) by a law enforcement officer as defined in Section 53-13-103, who is injured
1810	within the course and scope of the law enforcement officer's duties.
1811	(4) The inception of the loss under Subsection 31A-21-313(1) for underinsured
1812	motorist claims occurs upon the date of the last liability policy payment.
1813	(5) (a) Within five business days after notification that all liability insurers have
1814	tendered their liability policy limits, the underinsured carrier shall either:
1815	(i) waive any subrogation claim the underinsured carrier may have against the person
1816	liable for the injuries caused in the accident; or
1817	(ii) pay the insured an amount equal to the policy limits tendered by the liability carrier
1818	(b) If neither option is exercised under Subsection (5)(a), the subrogation claim is
1819	considered to be waived by the underinsured carrier.
1820	(6) Except as otherwise provided in this section, a covered person may seek, subject to
1821	the terms and conditions of the policy, additional coverage under any policy:
1822	(a) that provides coverage for damages resulting from motor vehicle accidents; and
1823	(b) that is not required to conform to Section 31A-22-302.
1824	(7) (a) When a claim is brought by a named insured or a person described in
1825	Subsection 31A-22-305(1) and is asserted against the covered person's underinsured motorist
1826	carrier, the claimant may elect to resolve the claim:
1827	(i) by submitting the claim to binding arbitration; or
1828	(ii) through litigation.
1829	(b) Unless otherwise provided in the policy under which underinsured benefits are

1830	claimed, the election provided in Subsection (7)(a) is available to the claimant only.
1831	(c) Once [the] a claimant [has elected] elects to commence litigation under Subsection
1832	(7)(a)(ii), the claimant may not elect to resolve the claim through binding arbitration under this
1833	section without the written consent of the underinsured motorist coverage carrier.
1834	(d) (i) Unless otherwise agreed to in writing by the parties, a claim that is submitted to
1835	binding arbitration under Subsection (7)(a)(i) shall be resolved by a single arbitrator.
1836	(ii) All parties shall agree on the single arbitrator selected under Subsection (7)(d)(i).
1837	(iii) If the parties are unable to agree on a single arbitrator as required under Subsection
1838	(7)(d)(ii), the parties shall select a panel of three arbitrators.
1839	(e) If the parties select a panel of three arbitrators under Subsection (7)(d)(iii):
1840	(i) each side shall select one arbitrator; and
1841	(ii) the arbitrators appointed under Subsection (7)(e)(i) shall select one additional
1842	arbitrator to be included in the panel.
1843	(f) Unless otherwise agreed to in writing:
1844	(i) each party shall pay an equal share of the fees and costs of the arbitrator selected
1845	under Subsection (7)(d)(i); or
1846	(ii) if an arbitration panel is selected under Subsection (7)(d)(iii):
1847	(A) each party shall pay the fees and costs of the arbitrator selected by that party; and
1848	(B) each party shall pay an equal share of the fees and costs of the arbitrator selected
1849	under Subsection (7)(e)(ii).
1850	(g) Except as otherwise provided in this section or unless otherwise agreed to in
1851	writing by the parties, an arbitration proceeding conducted under this section [shall be] is
1852	governed by Title 78B, Chapter 11, Utah Uniform Arbitration Act.
1853	(h) [The] An arbitration shall be conducted in accordance with Rules 26 through 37,
1854	54, and 68 of the Utah Rules of Civil Procedure.
1855	(i) [All issues] An issue of discovery shall be resolved by the arbitrator or the
1856	arbitration panel.
1857	(j) A written decision by a single arbitrator or by a majority of the arbitration panel
1858	[shall constitute] constitutes a final decision.

 $(k) \ (i) \ \ The \ amount \ of \ an \ arbitration \ award \ may \ not \ exceed \ the \ underinsured \ motorist$ policy limits of all applicable underinsured motorist policies, including applicable underinsured

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(ii) If the initial arbitration award exceeds the underinsured motorist policy limits of all applicable underinsured motorist policies, the arbitration award shall be reduced to an amount equal to the combined underinsured motorist policy limits of all applicable underinsured motorist policies.

- (l) The arbitrator or arbitration panel may not decide [the issues] an issue of coverage or extra-contractual damages, including:
 - (i) whether the claimant is a covered person;
 - (ii) whether the policy extends coverage to the loss; or
- (iii) [any allegations or claims] an allegation or claim asserting consequential damages or bad faith liability.
 - (m) The arbitrator or arbitration panel may not conduct arbitration on a class-wide or class-representative basis.
 - (n) If the arbitrator or arbitration panel finds that the [action was] arbitration is not brought, pursued, or defended in good faith, the arbitrator or arbitration panel may award reasonable attorney fees and costs against the party that failed to bring, pursue, or defend the [claim] arbitration in good faith.
 - (o) An arbitration award issued under this section shall be the final resolution of all claims not excluded by Subsection (7)(l) between the parties unless:
 - (i) the award [was] is procured by corruption, fraud, or other undue means; or
 - (ii) either party, within 20 days after service of the arbitration award:
 - (A) files a complaint requesting a trial de novo in the district court; and
- (B) serves the nonmoving party with a copy of the complaint requesting a trial de novo under Subsection (7)(o)(ii)(A).
 - (p) (i) Upon filing a complaint for a trial de novo under Subsection (7)(o), [the] <u>a</u> claim shall proceed through litigation pursuant to the Utah Rules of Civil Procedure and Utah Rules of Evidence in the district court.
 - (ii) In accordance with Rule 38, Utah Rules of Civil Procedure, either party may request a jury trial with a complaint requesting a trial de novo under Subsection (7)(o)(ii)(A).
- 1890 (q) (i) If the claimant, as the moving party in a trial de novo requested under 1891 Subsection (7)(o), does not obtain a verdict that is at least \$5,000 and is at least 20% greater

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2010FL-0264/007 1892 than the arbitration award, the claimant is responsible for all of the nonmoving party's costs. 1893 (ii) If the underinsured motorist carrier, as the moving party in a trial de novo requested 1894 under Subsection (7)(o), does not obtain a verdict that is at least 20% less than the arbitration 1895 award, the underinsured motorist carrier is responsible for all of the nonmoving party's costs. 1896 (iii) Except as provided in Subsection (7)(q)(iv), the costs under this Subsection (7)(q)1897 shall include: 1898 (A) any costs set forth in Rule 54(d), Utah Rules of Civil Procedure; and 1899 (B) the costs of expert witnesses and depositions. 1900 (iv) An award of costs under this Subsection (7)(q) may not exceed \$2,500. 1901 (r) For purposes of determining whether a party's verdict is greater or less than the 1902 arbitration award under Subsection (7)(q), a court may not consider any recovery or other relief 1903 granted on a claim for damages if the claim for damages: 1904 (i) was not fully disclosed in writing prior to the arbitration proceeding; or 1905 (ii) was not disclosed in response to discovery contrary to the Utah Rules of Civil 1906 Procedure. 1907 (s) If a district court determines, upon a motion of the nonmoving party, that [the] a 1908 moving party's use of the trial de novo process [was] is filed in bad faith in accordance with 1909 Section 78B-5-825, the district court may award reasonable attorney fees to the nonmoving 1910 party. 1911 (t) Nothing in this section is intended to limit [any] a claim under [any other] another 1912 portion of an applicable insurance policy. 1913 (u) If there are multiple underinsured motorist policies, as set forth in Subsection (3), 1914 the claimant may elect to arbitrate in one hearing the claims against all the underinsured 1915 motorist carriers. 1916 Section 14. Section **31A-22-411** is amended to read:

- 1917 31A-22-411. Contracts providing variable benefits.
 - (1) [(a) Any contract which] An insurance policy that provides for payment of [benefits in variable amounts a benefit in a variable amount shall contain a statement of the essential features of the procedure to be followed by the insurer in determining the dollar amount of the variable benefits. [The contract shall contain:]
- 1922 (2) A variable insurance policy shall contain:

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1923	[(i)] (a) an appropriate nonforfeiture [benefits] benefit in lieu of those required by
1924	either Section 31A-22-408 or 31A-22-409;
1925	[(ii)] (b) an appropriate reinstatement [provisions] provision in lieu of those required
1926	by Section 31A-22-407; and
1927	[(iii)] (c) a grace period [provisions] provision appropriate to that type of [contract]
1928	insurance policy in lieu of those required by Section 31A-22-402.
1929	[(b) This] (3) An individual [contract and any] insurance policy and a certificate issued
1930	under a group [contract shall state that] insurance policy shall conspicuously state on its first
1931	page that:
1932	(a) the dollar amount may decrease or increase [and shall conspicuously display on its
1933	first page a statement that the benefits under the contract are] according to investment
1934	experience; and
1935	(b) a benefit under the insurance policy is payable on a variable basis[, with a statemen
1936	specifying where the details of the variable provisions are found in the contract].
1937	[(c) Life] (4) A life insurance [and] or annuity [policies] policy with a variable
1938	[benefits] benefit issued under a separate account shall, on either the application or the
1939	<u>insurance</u> policy, state that the insurer's liabilities with respect to <u>a</u> variable [benefits] benefit
1940	under the <u>insurance</u> policy are subject to satisfaction only out of the insurer's variable account
1941	assets.
1942	[(2) Any contract subject to Subsection (1)]
1943	(5)(a) A variable insurance policy shall state whether it may be amended as to:
1944	(i) investment policy[,];
1945	(ii) voting rights[;]; and
1946	(iii) conduct of the business and affairs of [any segregated] a separate account.
1947	(b) Subject to any preemptive provision of federal law, [this type of] an amendment of
1948	the type described in this Subsection (5) is subject to:
1949	(i) filing under Section 31A-21-201; and
1950	(ii) approval by a majority of the policyholders in the [segregated] separate account.
1951	Section 15. Section 31A-22-429 is enacted to read:
1952	31A-22-429. Insurance premium finance agreement.
1953	(1) As used in this section:

1954	(a) "Insurance policy" means:
1955	(i) an individual or group life insurance or annuity policy; or
1956	(ii) a group life insurance or group annuity certificate.
1957	(b) "Insurance premium finance agreement" means an agreement for financing an
1958	insurance policy premium payment.
1959	(2) A person who provides premium financing for an insurance policy may not receive
1960	proceeds, fees, or other consideration from the insurance policy or the insurance policyholder
1961	that is in addition to the amounts required to pay the principal, interest, and reasonable
1962	expenses incurred by a lender or borrower in connection with a premium finance agreement.
1963	Section 16. Section 31A-22-625 is amended to read:
1964	31A-22-625. Catastrophic coverage of mental health conditions.
1965	(1) As used in this section:
1966	(a) (i) "Catastrophic mental health coverage" means coverage in a health benefit plan
1967	[or health maintenance organization contract] that does not impose a lifetime limit, annual
1968	payment limit, episodic limit, inpatient or outpatient service limit, or maximum out-of-pocket
1969	limit that places a greater financial burden on an insured for the evaluation and treatment of a
1970	mental health condition than for the evaluation and treatment of a physical health condition.
1971	(ii) "Catastrophic mental health coverage" may include a restriction on cost sharing
1972	factors, such as deductibles, copayments, or coinsurance, [prior to] before reaching [any] a
1973	maximum out-of-pocket limit.
1974	(iii) "Catastrophic mental health coverage" may include one maximum out-of-pocket
1975	limit for physical health conditions and another maximum out-of-pocket limit for mental health
1976	conditions, [provided that,] except that if separate out-of-pocket limits are established, the
1977	out-of-pocket limit for mental health conditions may not exceed the out-of-pocket limit for
1978	physical health conditions.
1979	(b) (i) "50/50 mental health coverage" means coverage in a health benefit plan [or
1980	health maintenance organization contract] that pays for at least 50% of covered services for the
1981	diagnosis and treatment of mental health conditions.
1982	(ii) "50/50 mental health coverage" may include a restriction on:
1983	(A) episodic limits[,];
1984	(B) inpatient or outpatient service limits[5]; or

1985	(C) maximum out-of-pocket limits.
1986	(c) "Large employer," [is as defined in Section 31A-1-301] for purposes of this section.
1987	has the same meaning as provided in the federal regulations adopted pursuant to the Health
1988	Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996, Pub. L. 104-191, 110 Stat. 1996.
1989	(d) (i) "Mental health condition" means [any] a condition or disorder involving mental
1990	illness that falls under [any of the] a diagnostic [categories] category listed in the Diagnostic
1991	and Statistical Manual, as periodically revised.
1992	(ii) "Mental health condition" does not include the following when diagnosed as the
1993	primary or substantial reason or need for treatment:
1994	(A) <u>a</u> marital or family problem;
1995	(B) <u>a</u> social, occupational, religious, or other social maladjustment;
1996	(C) <u>a</u> conduct disorder;
1997	(D) <u>a</u> chronic adjustment disorder;
1998	(E) <u>a</u> psychosexual disorder;
1999	(F) <u>a</u> chronic organic brain syndrome;
2000	(G) <u>a</u> personality disorder;
2001	(H) <u>a</u> specific developmental disorder or learning disability; or
2002	(I) mental retardation.
2003	[(e) "Small employer" is as defined in Section 31A-1-301.]
2004	(2) (a) At the time of purchase and renewal, an insurer shall offer to $[each]$ \underline{a} small
2005	employer that it insures or seeks to insure a choice between catastrophic mental health
2006	coverage and 50/50 mental health coverage.
2007	(b) In addition to complying with Subsection (2)(a), an insurer may offer to provide:
2008	(i) catastrophic mental health coverage, 50/50 mental health coverage, or both at levels
2009	that exceed the minimum requirements of this section; or
2010	(ii) coverage that excludes benefits for mental health conditions.
2011	(c) A small employer may, at its option, choose either catastrophic mental health
2012	coverage, 50/50 mental health coverage, or coverage offered under Subsection (2)(b),
2013	regardless of the employer's previous coverage for mental health conditions.
2014	(d) [An insurer is exempt from the 30% index rating restriction in Subsection
2015	31A-30-106(1)(b) and, for the first year only that catastrophic mental health coverage is

2016	chosen, the 15% annual adjustment restriction in Subsection 31A-30-106(1)(c)(ii), for any] For
2017	<u>a</u> small employer with 20 or less enrolled employees who chooses coverage that meets or
2018	exceeds catastrophic mental health coverage[-] an insurer is exempt from:
2019	[(3) (a) At the time of purchase and renewal of a health benefit plan, an insurer shall
2020	offer catastrophic mental health coverage to each large employer that it insures or seeks to
2021	insure.]
2022	[(b) In addition to Subsection (3)(a), an insurer may offer to provide catastrophic
2023	mental health coverage at levels that exceed the minimum requirements of this section.]
2024	[(c) A large employer may, at its option, choose either catastrophic mental health
2025	coverage, coverage that excludes benefits for mental health conditions, or coverage offered
2026	under Subsection (3)(b).]
2027	(i) the 30% index rating restriction in Subsection 31A-30-106(1)(b); and
2028	(ii) for the first year only that catastrophic mental health coverage is chosen, the 15%
2029	annual adjustment restriction in Subsection 31A-30-106(1)(c)(ii).
2030	(3) An insurer shall offer a large employer mental health and substance use disorder
2031	benefit in compliance with Section 2705 of the Public Health Service Act, 42 U.S.C. Sec.
2032	300gg-5, and federal regulations adopted pursuant to that act.
2033	(4) (a) An insurer may provide catastrophic mental health coverage to a small employer
2034	through a managed care organization or system in a manner consistent with [the provisions in]
2035	Chapter 8, Health Maintenance Organizations and Limited Health Plans, regardless of whether
2036	the <u>insurance</u> policy [or contract] uses a managed care organization or system for the treatment
2037	of physical health conditions.
2038	(b) (i) Notwithstanding any other provision of this title, an insurer may:
2039	(A) establish a closed panel of providers for catastrophic mental health coverage; and
2040	(B) refuse to provide [any] a benefit to be paid for services rendered by a nonpanel
2041	provider unless:
2042	(I) the insured is referred to a nonpanel provider with the prior authorization of the
2043	insurer; and
2044	(II) the nonpanel provider agrees to follow the insurer's protocols and treatment
2045	guidelines.
2046	(ii) If an insured receives services from a nonpanel provider in the manner permitted by

2047	Subsection $(4)(b)(i)(B)$, the insurer shall reimburse the insured for not less than 75% of the
2048	average amount paid by the insurer for comparable services of panel providers under a
2049	noncapitated arrangement who are members of the same class of health care providers.
2050	(iii) [Nothing in this] This Subsection (4)(b) may not be construed as requiring an
2051	insurer to authorize a referral to a nonpanel provider.
2052	(c) To be eligible for catastrophic mental health coverage, a diagnosis or treatment of a
2053	mental health condition must be rendered:
2054	(i) by a mental health therapist as defined in Section 58-60-102; or
2055	(ii) in a health care facility:
2056	(A) licensed or otherwise authorized to provide mental health services pursuant to:
2057	(I) Title 26, Chapter 21, Health Care Facility Licensing and Inspection Act[-,]; or
2058	(II) Title 62A, Chapter 2, Licensure of Programs and Facilities[;]; and
2059	(B) that provides a program for the treatment of a mental health condition pursuant to a
2060	written plan.
2061	(5) The commissioner may prohibit [a] an insurance policy [or contract] that provides
2062	mental health coverage in a manner that is inconsistent with this section.
2063	(6) The commissioner shall:
2064	(a) adopt rules, in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative
2065	Rulemaking Act, as necessary to ensure compliance with this section; and
2066	(b) provide general figures on the percentage of [contracts and] insurance policies that
2067	include <u>:</u>
2068	(i) no mental health coverage[;];
2069	(ii) 50/50 mental health coverage[;];
2070	(iii) catastrophic mental health coverage[;]; and
2071	(iv) coverage that exceeds the minimum requirements of this section.
2072	[(7) The Health and Human Services Interim Committee shall review:]
2073	[(a) the impact of this section on insurers, employers, providers, and consumers of
2074	mental health services before January 1, 2004; and]
2075	[(b) make a recommendation as to whether the provisions of this section should be
2076	modified and whether the cost-sharing requirements for mental health conditions should be the
2077	same as for physical health conditions.

2078	[(8) (a) An insurer shall offer catastrophic mental health coverage as part of a health
2079	maintenance organization contract that is governed by Chapter 8, Health Maintenance
2080	Organizations and Limited Health Plans, that is in effect on or after January 1, 2001.
2081	[(b) An insurer shall offer catastrophic mental health coverage as a part of a health
2082	benefit plan that is not governed by Chapter 8, Health Maintenance Organizations and Limited
2083	Health Plans, that is in effect on or after July 1, 2001.]
2084	[(c) This section does not apply to the purchase or renewal of an individual insurance
2085	policy or contract.]
2086	[(d) Notwithstanding Subsection (8)(c), nothing in this]
2087	(7) This section may not be construed as discouraging or otherwise preventing
2088	[insurers] an insurer from [continuing to provide] providing mental health coverage in
2089	connection with an individual <u>insurance</u> policy [or contract].
2090	[(9)] (8) This section shall be repealed in accordance with Section 63I-1-231.
2091	Section 17. Section 31A-22-701 is amended to read:
2092	31A-22-701. Groups eligible for group or blanket insurance.
2093	(1) As used in this section, "association group" means a lawfully formed association of
2094	individuals or business entities that:
2095	(a) purchases insurance on a group basis on behalf of members; and
2096	(b) is formed and maintained in good faith for purposes other than obtaining insurance.
2097	[(1)] (2) A group or blanket accident and health insurance policy may be issued to:
2098	(a) [any] a group[: (i)] to which a group life insurance policy may be issued under
2099	Sections 31A-22-502 [through], 31A-22-503, 31A-22-504, 31A-22-506, 31A-22-507, and
2100	31A-22-509; and
2101	(ii) that is formed for a reason other than the purchase of insurance; [or]
2102	(b) an association group that:
2103	(i) has been actively in existence for at least five years;
2104	(ii) has a constitution and bylaws;
2105	(iii) is formed and maintained in good faith for purposes other than obtaining
2106	insurance;
2107	(iv) does not condition membership in the association group on any health
2108	status-related factor relating to an individual, including an employee of an employer or a

2109	dependent of an employee;
2110	(v) makes accident and health insurance coverage offered through the association
2111	group available to all members regardless of any health status-related factor relating to the
2112	members or individuals eligible for coverage through a member; and
2113	(vi) does not make accident and health insurance coverage offered through the
2114	association group available other than in connection with a member of the association group;
2115	[(b) any] (c) a group specifically authorized by the commissioner under Section
2116	31A-22-509, upon a finding that:
2117	(i) authorization is not contrary to the public interest;
2118	(ii) the proposed group is actuarially sound;
2119	(iii) formation of the proposed group may result in economies of scale in acquisition,
2120	administrative, marketing, and brokerage costs;
2121	(iv) the [health] insurance policy, insurance certificate, or other indicia of coverage that
2122	will be offered to the proposed group is substantially equivalent to <u>insurance</u> policies that are
2123	otherwise available to similar groups; [and]
2124	[(v) the proposed group is formed for a reason other than the purchase of insurance.]
2125	(v) the group would not present hazards of adverse selection; and
2126	(vi) the premiums for the insurance policy and any contributions by or on behalf of the
2127	insured persons are reasonable in relation to the benefits provided.
2128	$[\frac{(2)}{(3)}]$ A blanket insurance policy may also be issued to:
2129	(a) [any] a common carrier or [any] an operator, owner, or lessee of a means of
2130	transportation, as policyholder, covering persons who may become passengers as defined by
2131	reference to their travel status;
2132	(b) an employer, as policyholder, covering any group of employees, dependents, or
2133	guests, as defined by reference to specified hazards incident to any activities of the
2134	policyholder;
2135	(c) an institution of learning, including a school district, school jurisdictional units, or
2136	the head, principal, or governing board of any of those units, as policyholder, covering
2137	students, teachers, or employees;
2138	(d) $[any]$ <u>a</u> religious, charitable, recreational, educational, or civic organization, or
2139	branch of those organizations, as policyholder, covering any group of members or participants

2140 as defined by reference to specified hazards incident to the activities sponsored or supervised 2141 by the policyholder; 2142 (e) a sports team, camp, or sponsor of the team or camp, as policyholder, covering 2143 members, campers, employees, officials, or supervisors; 2144 (f) [any] a volunteer fire department, first aid, civil defense, or other similar volunteer 2145 organization, as policyholder, covering any group of members or participants as defined by 2146 reference to specified hazards incident to activities sponsored, supervised, or participated in by 2147 the policyholder; 2148 (g) a newspaper or other publisher, as policyholder, covering its carriers; 2149 (h) an association, including a labor union, which has a constitution and bylaws and 2150 which has been organized in good faith for purposes other than that of obtaining insurance, as 2151 policyholder, covering any group of members or participants as defined by reference to 2152 specified hazards incident to the activities or operations sponsored or supervised by the 2153 policyholder; 2154 (i) a health insurance purchasing association, as defined in Section 31A-34-103, 2155 organized and controlled solely by participating employers; and 2156 (j) any other class of risks [which] that, in the judgment of the commissioner, may be 2157 properly eligible for blanket accident and health insurance. 2158 $[\frac{3}{3}]$ (4) The judgment of the commissioner may be exercised on the basis of: 2159 (a) individual risks; 2160 (b) a class of risks; or 2161 (c) both Subsections [(3)] (4)(a) and (b). 2162 Section 18. Section **31A-22-722** is amended to read: 2163 31A-22-722. Utah mini-COBRA benefits for employer group coverage. 2164 (1) An insured [has the right to] may extend the employee's coverage under the current 2165 employer's group policy for a period of 12 months, except as provided in Subsection (2). The 2166 right to extend coverage includes: 2167 (a) voluntary termination; 2168 (b) involuntary termination; 2169 (c) retirement;

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(d) death;

2171	(e) divorce or legal separation;
2172	(f) loss of dependent status;
2173	(g) sabbatical;
2174	(h) [any] a disability;
2175	(i) leave of absence; or
2176	(j) reduction of hours.
2177	(2) (a) Notwithstanding [the provisions of] Subsection (1), an employee [does not have
2178	the right to] may not extend coverage under the current employer's group insurance policy if
2179	the employee:
2180	(i) [failed] fails to pay [any required individual contribution] premiums or
2181	contributions in accordance with the terms of the insurance policy;
2182	(ii) acquires other group coverage covering all preexisting conditions including
2183	maternity, if the coverage exists;
2184	(iii) [performed] performs an act or practice that constitutes fraud in connection with
2185	the coverage;
2186	(iv) [made] makes an intentional misrepresentation of material fact under the terms of
2187	the coverage;
2188	(v) [was] is terminated from employment for gross misconduct;
2189	(vi) [has not been] is not continuously covered under the current employer's group
2190	policy for a period of three months immediately [prior to] before the termination of the
2191	<u>insurance</u> policy due to [the events] <u>an event</u> set forth in Subsection (1);
2192	(vii) is eligible for [any] an extension of coverage required by federal law; [or]
2193	(viii) establishes residence outside of this state;
2194	(ix) moves out of the insurer's service area;
2195	(x) is eligible for similar coverage under another group insurance policy;
2196	(xi) has the employee's coverage terminated because the employer's coverage is
2197	terminated, except as provided in Subsection (8); or
2198	[(viii) elected] (xii) elects alternative coverage under Section 31A-22-724.
2199	(b) The right to extend coverage under Subsection (1) applies to [any] spouse or
2200	dependent [coverages] coverage, including a surviving spouse or dependents whose coverage
2201	under the insurance policy terminates by reason of the death of the employee or member.

2202	(3) (a) The employer shall [provide written notification] notify the following in writing
2203	of the right to extend group coverage and the payment amounts required for extension of
2204	coverage, including the manner, place, and time in which the payments shall be made [to]:
2205	(i) [the] <u>a</u> terminated insured;
2206	(ii) [the] an ex-spouse of an insured; or
2207	(iii) if Subsection (2)(b) applies:
2208	(A) [to] a surviving spouse; and
2209	(B) the guardian of surviving dependents, if different from a surviving spouse.
2210	(b) The notification required in Subsection (3)(a) shall be sent first class mail within 30
2211	days after the termination date of the group coverage to:
2212	(i) the terminated insured's home address as shown on the records of the employer;
2213	(ii) the address of the surviving spouse, if different from the insured's address and if
2214	shown on the records of the employer;
2215	(iii) the guardian of any dependents address, if different from the insured's address, and
2216	if shown on the records of the employer; and
2217	(iv) the address of the ex-spouse, if shown on the records of the employer.
2218	(4) The insurer shall provide the employee, spouse, or any eligible dependent the
2219	opportunity to extend the group coverage at the payment amount stated in Subsection (5) if:
2220	(a) the employer policyholder does not provide the terminated insured the written
2221	notification required by Subsection (3)(a); and
2222	(b) the employee or other individual eligible for extension contacts the insurer within
2223	60 days of coverage termination.
2224	(5) [The] \underline{A} premium amount for extended group coverage may not exceed 102% of
2225	the group rate in effect for a group member, including an employer's contribution, if any, for a
2226	group insurance policy.
2227	(6) Except as provided in this Subsection (6), [the] coverage extends without
2228	interruption for 12 months and may not terminate if the terminated insured or, with respect to a
2229	minor, the parent or guardian of the terminated insured:
2230	(a) elects to extend group coverage within 60 days of losing group coverage; and
2231	(b) tenders the amount required to the employer or insurer.
2232	(7) The insured's coverage may be terminated [prior to] before 12 months if the

2233	terminated insured:
2234	(a) establishes residence outside of this state;
2235	(b) moves out of the insurer's service area;
2236	(c) fails to pay premiums or contributions in accordance with the terms of the <u>insurance</u>
2237	policy, including any timeliness requirements;
2238	(d) performs an act or practice that constitutes fraud in connection with the coverage;
2239	(e) makes an intentional misrepresentation of material fact under the terms of the
2240	coverage;
2241	(f) becomes eligible for similar coverage under another group insurance policy; or
2242	(g) has the coverage terminated because the employer's coverage is terminated, except
2243	as provided in Subsection (8).
2244	(8) If the current employer coverage is terminated and the employer replaces coverage
2245	with similar coverage under another group insurance policy, without interruption, the
2246	terminated insured, spouse, or the surviving spouse and guardian of dependents if Subsection
2247	(2)(b) applies, [have the right to] may obtain extension of coverage under the replacement
2248	group <u>insurance</u> policy:
2249	(a) for the balance of the period the terminated insured would have extended coverage
2250	under the replaced group insurance policy; and
2251	(b) if the terminated insured is otherwise eligible for extension of coverage.
2252	(9) (a) Within 30 days of the insured's exhaustion of extension of coverage, the
2253	employer shall provide the terminated insured and the ex-spouse, or, in the case of the death of
2254	the insured, the surviving spouse, or guardian of any dependents, written notification of the
2255	right to an individual conversion policy under Section 31A-22-723.
2256	(b) The notification required by Subsection (9)(a):
2257	(i) shall be sent first class mail to:
2258	(A) the insured's last-known address as shown on the records of the employer;
2259	(B) the address of the surviving spouse, if different from the insured's address, and if
2260	shown on the records of the employer;
2261	(C) the guardian of any dependents last known address as shown on the records of the
2262	employer, if different from the address of the surviving spouse; and
2263	(D) the address of the ex-spouse as shown on the records of the employer, if

2264	applicable; and
2265	(ii) shall contain the name, address, and telephone number of the insurer that will
2266	provide the conversion coverage.
2267	Section 19. Section 31A-22-725 is enacted to read:
2268	31A-22-725. Special enrollment periods relating to Medicaid and Children's
2269	Health Insurance Program.
2270	(1) A person is eligible to enroll for coverage under the terms of an employer's group
2271	health benefit plan if:
2272	(a) the person is:
2273	(i) an employee who is eligible, but not enrolled, for coverage under the terms of the
2274	employer's group health benefit plan; or
2275	(ii) a dependent of an employee, if the dependent is eligible, but not enrolled, for
2276	coverage under the terms of the employer's group health benefit plan; and
2277	(b) the conditions of either Subsection (2) or (3) are met.
2278	(2) Subsection (1) applies if:
2279	(a) the employee or dependent is covered under:
2280	(i) a Medicaid health benefit plan under Title XIX of the Social Security Act; or
2281	(ii) a state child health benefit plan under Title XXI of the Social Security Act;
2282	(b) coverage of the employee or dependent described in Subsection (2)(a) is terminated
2283	as a result of loss of eligibility for the coverage; and
2284	(c) the employee requests coverage under the employer's group health plan no later
2285	than 60 days after the date of termination of the coverage described in Subsection (2)(a).
2286	(3) Subsection (1) applies if:
2287	(a) the employee or dependent becomes eligible for assistance, with respect to coverage
2288	under the employer's group health plan under a plan described in Subsection (2)(a), including
2289	under a waiver or demonstration project conducted under or in relation to a plan described in
2290	Subsection (2)(a); and
2291	(b) the employee requests coverage under the employer's group health plan no later
2292	than 60 days after the date the employee or dependent is determined to be eligible for the
2293	assistance described in Subsection (3)(a).
2294	Section 20. Section 31A-26-201 is amended to read:

2295	31A-26-201. Requirement of license.
2296	(1) Except as provided in Subsection (2)[, no]:
2297	(a) a person may <u>not</u> perform, offer to perform, or solicit the opportunity to perform
2298	[any] an act of insurance adjusting without a valid license under Section 31A-26-203; and [no]
2299	(b) a person may not use the insurance adjusting services of another if the person
2300	knows or should know that the one providing these services does not have a license as required
2301	by law.
2302	(2) The following are exempt from the license requirement of Subsection (1), when
2303	acting in the indicated [capacities] capacity:
2304	(a) [a person] an individual engaged in insurance adjusting as a regular salaried
2305	employee of, and not an independent contractor for, an insurer;
2306	(b) an arbitrator or an umpire selected by the claimant and insurer to decide, alone or
2307	with others, whether a claim should be paid and how much should be paid;
2308	(c) an attorney at law acting in an attorney-client relationship;
2309	(d) an insurance producer, but only as to [the classes]:
2310	(i) a class of insurance for which [he] the insurance producer is licensed under Section
2311	31A-23a-106; and [only as to claims]
2312	(ii) a claim adjusted on the request of an insurer for which [he] the insurance producer
2313	is a producer;
2314	(e) a regular salaried employee of, and not an independent contractor for, a
2315	policyholder or claimant under an insurance policy;
2316	(f) an employee of a licensed insurance adjuster who provides only administrative or
2317	clerical assistance;
2318	(g) [person] an individual who does not do insurance adjusting under Section
2319	31A-26-102, but who is specially employed to obtain facts about a loss for or furnish technical
2320	assistance to a licensed adjuster or a company adjuster, including:
2321	(i) a photographer[-;];
2322	(ii) an estimator [or];
2323	(iii) an appraiser[,];
2324	(iv) a marine surveyor[-;];
2325	(v) a private detective[-];

2326	(vi) an engineer[-;]; and
2327	(vii) a handwriting expert;
2328	(h) a holder of a group insurance policy, with respect to administrative activities in
2329	connection with that <u>insurance</u> policy, who receives no compensation for [his] the
2330	policyholder's services beyond the actual expenses estimated on a reasonable basis;
2331	(i) [a person] an individual engaged in insurance adjusting as a regular salaried
2332	employee of, and not an independent contractor for, an administrator licensed under Chapter
2333	25[; and], Third Party Administrators; or
2334	(j) a person who gives advice or assistance without compensation or expectation of
2335	compensation, direct or indirect.
2336	(3) $[No]$ A claim settlement between an insurer and an insured or a claimant under an
2337	insurance [contract is] policy may not be considered invalid as a result of a violation of this
2338	section.
2339	Section 21. Section 31A-35-401 is amended to read:
2340	31A-35-401. Requirement for license or certificate of authority Process Fees
2341	Limitations.
2342	(1) (a) A person may not engage in the bail bond surety insurance business unless that
2343	person:
2344	(i) is a bail bond surety company licensed under this chapter;
2345	(ii) is a surety insurer that is granted a certificate under this section in the same manner
2346	as other insurers doing business in this state are granted certificates of authority under this title;
2347	or
2348	(iii) is a bail bond producer licensed in accordance with this section.
2349	(b) A bail bond surety company shall be licensed under this chapter as an agency.
2350	(c) A bail bond producer shall be licensed under Chapter 23a, Insurance Marketing -
2351	Licensing Producers, Consultants, and Reinsurance Intermediaries, as a limited lines producer.
2352	(2) A person applying for a bail bond surety company license under this chapter shall
2353	submit to the commissioner:
2354	(a) a completed application form as prescribed by the commissioner;
2355	(b) a fee as determined by the commissioner in accordance with Section [63J-1-504]
2356	31A-3-103; and

2357	(c) any additional information required by rule.
2358	(3) [Fees] A fee required under this section [are] is not refundable.
2359	(4) [Fees] A fee collected from a bail bond surety company shall be deposited in a
2360	restricted account created in Section 31A-35-407.
2361	(5) (a) A bail bond surety company shall be domiciled in Utah.
2362	(b) A bail bond producer shall be a resident of Utah.
2363	(c) A foreign surety insurer that is granted a certificate to issue bail bonds may only
2364	issue bail bonds through a bail bond surety company licensed under this chapter.
2365	Section 22. Section 31A-35-406 is amended to read:
2366	31A-35-406. Renewal and reinstatement.
2367	(1) (a) To renew its license under this chapter, on or before the last day of the month in
2368	which the license expires a bail bond surety company shall:
2369	(i) complete and submit a renewal application to the department; and
2370	(ii) pay the department the applicable renewal fee established in accordance with
2371	Section [63J-1-504] <u>31A-3-103</u> .
2372	(b) A bail bond surety company shall renew its license under this chapter annually as
2373	established by department rule, regardless of when the license is issued.
2374	(2) A bail bond surety company may apply for reinstatement of an expired bail bond
2375	surety company license within one year following the expiration of the license under
2376	Subsection (1) by:
2377	(a) submitting the renewal application required by Subsection (1); and
2378	(b) paying a license reinstatement fee established in accordance with Section
2379	[63J-1-504] <u>31A-3-103</u> .
2380	(3) If a bail bond surety company license has been expired for more than one year, the
2381	person applying for reinstatement of the bail bond surety license shall:
2382	(a) submit a new application form to the commissioner; and
2383	(b) pay the application fee established in accordance with Section [63J-1-504]
2384	<u>31A-3-103</u> .
2385	(4) If a bail bond surety company license is suspended, the applicant may not submit an
2386	application for a bail bond surety company license until after the end of the period of
2387	suspension.

2388	(5) [Fees] A fee collected under this section shall be deposited in the restricted account
2389	created in Section 31A-35-407.
2390	Section 23. Section 31A-36-102 is amended to read:
2391	31A-36-102. Definitions.
2392	As used in this chapter:
2393	(1) (a) "Advertising" means a communication placed before the public to:
2394	(i) create an interest in a life settlement; or
2395	(ii) induce a person pursuant to a life settlement to sell, assign, devise, bequest, or
2396	transfer the death benefit or ownership of:
2397	(A) a policy; or
2398	(B) an interest in a policy.
2399	(b) "Advertising" includes the following, if the requirements of Subsection (1)(a) are
2400	met:
2401	(i) a written, electronic, or printed communication;
2402	(ii) a communication by means of a recorded telephone message;
2403	(iii) a communication transmitted on radio, television, the Internet, or similar
2404	communications media; and
2405	(iv) a film strip, motion picture, or video.
2406	(2) "Business of life settlements" includes the following:
2407	(a) offering a life settlement;
2408	(b) soliciting a life settlement;
2409	(c) negotiating a life settlement;
2410	(d) procuring a life settlement;
2411	(e) effectuating a life settlement;
2412	(f) purchasing a life settlement;
2413	(g) investing in a life settlement;
2414	(h) financing a life settlement;
2415	(i) monitoring a life settlement;
2416	(j) tracking a life settlement;
2417	(k) underwriting a life settlement;
2418	(l) selling a life settlement;

2419	(m) transferring a life settlement;
2420	(n) assigning a life settlement;
2421	(o) pledging a life settlement;
2422	(p) hypothecating a life settlement; or
2423	(q) in any other manner acquiring an interest in [a] an insurance policy by means of a
2424	life settlement.
2425	(3) "Chronically ill" means:
2426	(a) being unable to perform at least two activities of daily living, such as eating,
2427	toileting, moving from one place to another, bathing, dressing, or continence;
2428	(b) requiring substantial supervision for protection from threats to health and safety
2429	because of severe cognitive impairment; or
2430	(c) having a level of disability similar to that described in Subsection (3)(a).
2431	(4) "Depository institution" is as defined in Section 7-1-103.
2432	(5) (a) "Financing entity" means a person:
2433	(i) who has direct ownership in a policy that is the subject of a life settlement;
2434	(ii) whose principal activity related to a life settlement is providing money to effect the
2435	life settlement or the purchase of one or more settled policies; and
2436	(iii) who has an agreement in writing with one or more licensed life settlement
2437	providers to finance the acquisition of one or more life settlements.
2438	(b) "Financing entity" includes, if the requirements of Subsection (5)(a) are met, the
2439	following:
2440	(i) an underwriter;
2441	(ii) a placement agent;
2442	(iii) an enhancer of credit;
2443	(iv) a lender;
2444	(v) a purchaser of securities; and
2445	(vi) a purchaser of a policy from a life settlement provider.
2446	(c) "Financing entity" does not include:
2447	(i) a nonaccredited investor; or
2448	(ii) a life settlement purchaser.
2//0	(6) "Form" means in addition to a form as defined in Section 31 A 1-301:

2450	(a) a life settlement;
2451	(b) a disclosure to an owner;
2452	(c) a notice of intent to settle; or
2453	(d) a verification of coverage.
2454	(7) "Life expectancy" means the mean number of months an individual insured under a
2455	policy to be settled can be expected to live considering medical records and appropriate
2456	experiential data.
2457	(8) (a) "Life settlement" means a written agreement:
2458	(i) between an owner and a life settlement provider; and
2459	(ii) [for] that establishes the terms for the payment of anything of value, [that is less
2460	than the expected death benefit of the policy,] in exchange for the owner assigning, selling,
2461	transferring, devising, releasing, or bequeathing, at the time of or after the exchange, the death
2462	benefit or ownership of:
2463	(A) any portion of a policy; or
2464	(B) a beneficial interest in the policy.
2465	(b) "Life settlement" includes:
2466	(i) the transfer for compensation or value of ownership or beneficial interest in a trust
2467	or other entity that owns a policy if the trust or other entity is formed or operated for the
2468	principal purpose of acquiring one or more policies; or
2469	(ii) a premium finance loan made for a policy by a lender to an owner on, before, or
2470	after the date of issuance of the policy if the owner:
2471	(A) receives on the date of the premium finance loan a guarantee of a future life
2472	settlement value of the policy; or
2473	(B) agrees on the date of the premium finance loan to sell the policy or any portion of
2474	the policy's death benefit on a date following the issuance of the policy.
2475	(c) An agreement described in Subsection (8)(a) is a "life settlement" even if it is
2476	referred to by a different name, including:
2477	(i) a ["life] "viatical settlement"; or
2478	(ii) a "senior settlement."
2479	(d) "Life settlement" does not include:
2480	(i) a loan or accelerated death benefit by an insurer pursuant to the terms of a policy;

2481	(ii) loan proceeds that are used solely to pay:
2482	(A) premiums for a policy; and
2483	(B) the loan costs or other expenses incurred by the lender, including:
2484	(I) interest;
2485	(II) an arrangement fee;
2486	(III) a use fee;
2487	(IV) closing costs;
2488	(V) attorney fees and expenses;
2489	(VI) trustee fees and expenses; and
2490	(VII) third party collateral provider fees and expenses, including fees payable to a letter
2491	of credit issuer;
2492	(iii) (A) a loan made by a licensed lender in which the licensed lender takes an interest
2493	in a policy solely to secure repayment of a loan; or
2494	(B) the transfer of a policy by a lender, if:
2495	(I) the loan is:
2496	(Aa) a loan described in Subsection (8)(d)(iii)(A); or
2497	(Bb) a premium finance loan that is not a life settlement;
2498	(II) the loan is defaulted on;
2499	(III) the policy is transferred; and
2500	(IV) neither the default itself nor the transfer of the policy in connection with the
2501	default is pursuant to an agreement with any other person for the purpose of evading regulation
2502	under this chapter;
2503	(iv) an agreement where all the participants in the agreement:
2504	(A) (I) are closely related to the insured by blood or law; or
2505	(II) have a lawful substantial economic interest in the continued life, health, and bodily
2506	safety of the person insured; and
2507	(B) are trusts established primarily for the benefit of the participants in the agreement;
2508	(v) a designation, consent, or agreement by an insured who is an employee of an
2509	employer in connection with the purchase by the employer, or trust established by the
2510	employer, of life insurance on the life of the employee; or
2511	(vi) a business succession planning arrangement not made for the purpose of evading

2512	regulation under this chapter:
2513	(A) (I) between one or more shareholders in a corporation; or
2514	(II) between a corporation and:
2515	(Aa) one or more of its shareholders; or
2516	(Bb) one or more trusts established by its shareholders;
2517	(B) (I) between one or more partners in a partnership; or
2518	(II) between a partnership and:
2519	(Aa) one or more of its partners; or
2520	(Bb) one or more trusts established by its partners; or
2521	(C) (I) between one or more members in a limited liability company; or
2522	(II) between a limited liability company and:
2523	(Aa) one or more of its members; or
2524	(Bb) one or more trusts established by its members.
2525	(9) (a) "Life settlement producer" means a person licensed in the state as a life
2526	insurance producer that on behalf of an owner and for consideration offers or attempts to
2527	negotiate a life settlement between the owner and one or more life settlement providers.
2528	(b) "Life settlement producer" does not include an attorney licensed to practice law in
2529	any state, a certified public accountant, or a financial planner accredited by a nationally
2530	recognized accrediting agency:
2531	(i) that is retained to represent an owner; and
2532	(ii) whose compensation is not paid directly or indirectly by:
2533	(A) a life settlement provider; or
2534	(B) a life settlement purchaser.
2535	(10) (a) "Life settlement provider" means a person other than an owner that enters into
2536	or effectuates a life settlement.
2537	(b) "Life settlement provider" does not include:
2538	(i) a licensed lender that takes an assignment of a policy as security for a loan,
2539	including a:
2540	(A) depository institution; or
2541	(B) lender that makes a premium finance loan that is not described in Subsection
2542	(8)(b)(ii);

2543	(ii) the issuer of a policy;
2544	(iii) an authorized or eligible insurer that provides stop-loss coverage to:
2545	(A) a life settlement provider;
2546	(B) a life settlement purchaser;
2547	(C) a financing entity;
2548	(D) a special purpose entity; or
2549	(E) a related provider trust;
2550	(iv) a financing entity;
2551	(v) a special purpose entity;
2552	(vi) a related provider trust;
2553	(vii) a life settlement purchaser; or
2554	(viii) a qualified institutional buyer as defined in Rule 144A, 17 C.F.R. Sec. 230.144A
2555	that purchases a settled policy from a life settlement provider.
2556	(11) (a) "Life settlement purchaser" means a person that, to derive an economic benefit:
2557	(i) provides a sum of money as consideration for a policy or an interest in the death
2558	benefits of a policy; or
2559	(ii) owns, acquires, or is entitled to a beneficial interest in a trust that:
2560	(A) owns a life settlement; or
2561	(B) is the beneficiary of a policy that has been or will be the subject of a life settlement.
2562	(b) "Life settlement purchaser" does not include:
2563	(i) a life settlement provider;
2564	(ii) a life settlement producer;
2565	(iii) an accredited investor as defined in Regulation D, Rule 501, 17 C.F.R. Sec.
2566	230.501;
2567	(iv) a qualified institutional buyer as defined in Rule 144A, 17 C.F.R. Sec. 230.144A;
2568	(v) a financing entity;
2569	(vi) a special purpose entity; or
2570	(vii) a related provider trust.
2571	(12) (a) "Owner" means any of the following who resides in this state and seeks to
2572	enter into a life settlement:
2573	(i) the owner of a policy; or

2574	(ii) the holder of a certificate of [insurance under] a group policy [of group insurance].
2575	(b) "Owner" is not limited to [a person] an individual who is terminally ill or
2576	chronically ill except when the limitation is expressly provided in this chapter.
2577	(c) "Owner" does not include:
2578	(i) a life settlement provider;
2579	(ii) a life settlement producer;
2580	(iii) a qualified institutional buyer as defined in Rule 144A, 17 C.F.R. Sec. 230.144A;
2581	(iv) a financing entity;
2582	(v) a special purpose entity; or
2583	(vi) a related provider trust.
2584	(13) "Policy" means:
2585	(a) an individual or group life insurance policy;
2586	(b) an individual or group annuity policy;
2587	[(b)] (c) a group <u>life insurance</u> certificate [for life insurance; or];
2588	(d) a group annuity certificate; or
2589	[(c)] (e) a [contract or arrangement of] life insurance policy or an annuity policy,
2590	whether or not delivered or issued for delivery in Utah:
2591	(i) affecting the rights of a resident of Utah; or
2592	(ii) bearing a reasonable relation to Utah.
2593	(14) "Premium finance loan" is a loan made primarily for the purpose of making
2594	premium payments on a policy if the loan is secured by an interest in the policy.
2595	(15) "Related provider trust" means a trust established by a licensed life settlement
2596	provider or a financing entity solely to hold the ownership of or beneficial interests in
2597	purchased policies in connection with financing.
2598	(16) "Settled policy" means a policy that is acquired by a life settlement provider
2599	pursuant to a life settlement.
2600	(17) "Special purpose entity" means an entity formed by a licensed life settlement
2601	provider solely to enable the life settlement provider to gain access to institutional markets for
2602	capital.
2603	(18) (a) "Stranger-originated life insurance" means an act, practice, or arrangement to
2604	initiate a policy for the benefit of a third party investor or other person who has no insurable

2605	interest in the insured resulting in the requirements of Section 31A-21-104 not being met.
2606	(b) "Stranger-originated life insurance" includes when:
2607	(i) a policy is purchased with resources or guarantees from or through a person who, at
2608	the time of policy origination, could not lawfully initiate the policy itself; and
2609	(ii) at the time of policy origination, there is an agreement, whether oral or written, to
2610	directly or indirectly transfer to a third party the ownership of a policy, policy benefits, or both.
2611	(c) "Stranger-originated life insurance" does not include:
2612	(i) a life settlement that complies with:
2613	(A) this chapter; and
2614	(B) Section 31A-21-104; or
2615	(ii) an act, practice, or arrangement described in Subsection (8)(d).
2616	(19) "Terminally ill" means having a condition that reasonably may be expected to
2617	result in death within 24 months.
2618	Section 24. Section 31A-40-103 is amended to read:
2619	31A-40-103. Duties of the commissioner.
2620	(1) (a) The commissioner shall maintain a list of professional employer organizations
2621	that are licensed under this chapter.
2622	(b) The commissioner shall make the list required by this Subsection (1) available to
2623	the public by electronic or other means.
2624	(2) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
2625	commissioner:
2626	(a) shall make rules to prescribe the requirements for forms required under this chapter;
2627	[and]
2628	(b) may make rules to prescribe the requirements and process for correcting under
2629	Section 31A-40-205:
2630	(i) a deficiency in working capital; or
2631	(ii) negative working capital;
2632	[(b)] (c) may make rules to prescribe the requirements for the review and submission of
2633	a financial statement under Section 31A-40-305:
2634	(i) that are consistent with generally accepted accounting principles; and
2635	(ii) including the timeliness of a financial statement[-]; and

2636	(d) may make rules to prescribe the requirements and process for when a professional
2637	employer organization license is terminated by:
2638	(i) voluntary surrender of the professional organization license; or
2639	(ii) involuntary surrender of the professional organization license.
2640	(3) A rule in effect on May 5, 2008 under the repealed Title 58, Chapter 59,
2641	Professional Employer Organization Registration Act, [shall be: (a) renumbered as a rule made
2642	under this chapter; and (b) remain] remains in effect until such time as the commissioner
2643	modifies or repeals the rule.
2644	[(4) The commissioner shall report to the Business and Labor Committee by no later
2645	than the November 2009 interim meeting as to whether the commissioner recommends that the
2646	working capital requirements of Section 31A-40-205 be modified.]
2647	Section 25. Section 31A-40-302 is amended to read:
2648	31A-40-302. Licensing process.
2649	(1) To apply for an initial or renewal license under this chapter, a person shall:
2650	(a) (i) [file] submit an application with the commissioner on a form and in a manner
2651	the commissioner shall determine by rule made in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
2652	Administrative Rulemaking Act; and
2653	(ii) pay a license fee determined in accordance with Section 31A-3-103 that is not
2654	refunded if the application:
2655	(A) is denied; [or]
2656	(B) does not comply with Section 31A-40-303; or
2657	[(B)] (C) if incomplete, is never completed by the person filing the application; or
2658	(b) comply with Section 31A-40-303.
2659	(2) In the application described in Subsection (1)(a), the person shall provide:
2660	(a) any name under which the professional employer organization will engage in a
2661	professional employer service;
2662	(b) the address of the principal place of business of the professional employer
2663	organization;
2664	(c) the address of each location the professional employer organization maintains in
2665	this state;
2666	(d) the professional employer organization's federal taxpayer or employer identification

2667	number;
2668	(e) the following information by jurisdiction of each name under which the
2669	professional employer organization operated in the five years preceding the day on which the
2670	person [files] submits the application:
2671	(i) the name;
2672	(ii) an alternative name, if any;
2673	(iii) a name of a predecessor; and
2674	(iv) if known, a successor business entity;
2675	(f) a statement of ownership that includes the name and evidence of the business
2676	experience of a person that, individually or acting in concert with one or more other persons,
2677	owns or controls, directly or indirectly, 10% or more of the equity interests of the professional
2678	employer organization;
2679	(g) a statement of management that includes the name and evidence of the business
2680	experience of [a person] an individual who:
2681	(i) serves as president of the professional employer organization;
2682	(ii) serves as chief executive officer of the professional employer organization; or
2683	(iii) may act as a senior executive officer of the professional employer organization;
2684	and
2685	(h) a financial statement that:
2686	(i) sets forth the financial condition of:
2687	(A) the professional employer organization; or
2688	(B) a professional employer organization group in which the professional employer
2689	organization is a member;
2690	(ii) states whether or not the professional employer organization complies with Section
2691	31A-40-205; and
2692	(iii) complies with Section 31A-40-305.
2693	[(3) A professional employer organization that is registered by the Division of
2694	Occupations and Professional Licensing as of May 4, 2008 shall comply with this section by no
2695	later than November 5, 2008. An initial license obtained under this Subsection (3) is valid
2696	until the end of the professional employer organization's first full fiscal year that immediately
2697	follows the day on which the initial license application is filed.]

2698	[(4) Within 180 days after the day on which a professional employer organization's
2699	fiscal year ends, a]
2700	(3) A professional employer organization shall renew its license [by complying with
2701	Subsection (1)] by no later than October 1 of each year.
2702	Section 26. Section 31A-40-307 is enacted to read:
2703	31A-40-307. Voluntary surrender of professional employer organization license.
2704	(1) When a professional employer organization wants to voluntarily surrender its
2705	professional employer organization license, the professional employer organization shall:
2706	(a) notify in writing each coemployer regarding the impending loss of the following
2707	provided under the professional employer agreement:
2708	(i) workers' compensation insurance coverage;
2709	(ii) health care benefits, if a coemployers' employee welfare plan includes fully insured
2710	or partially insured health insurance benefits; and
2711	(iii) any other insurance benefit provided to coemployers by the professional employer
2712	organization; and
2713	(b) submit a letter of intent to voluntarily surrender the license to the commissioner:
2714	(i) after providing the notice to coemployers under Subsection (1)(a); and
2715	(ii) not less than 45 days before the day on which the professional employer
2716	organization surrenders its professional employer organization license.
2717	(2) The letter of intent to voluntarily surrender a professional employer organization
2718	license shall include the following:
2719	(a) the reason the professional employer organization license is being surrendered;
2720	(b) a discussion of each process or plan to handle the obligations to coemployers and
2721	employees;
2722	(c) a list of coemployers as of the date of the letter;
2723	(d) a copy of the notice sent to the coemployers under Subsection (1)(a);
2724	(e) certification that the professional employer organization has notified the
2725	coemployers located in Utah of the professional employer organization's intent to cease doing
2726	business in Utah; and
2727	(f) the signature of the professional employer organization's chief executive officer or
2728	controlling individual.

2729	Section 27. Section 31A-42-201 is amended to read:
2730	31A-42-201. Creation of defined contribution market risk adjuster mechanism
2731	Board of directors Appointment Terms Quorum Plan preparation.
2732	(1) There is created the "Utah Defined Contribution Risk Adjuster," a nonprofit entity
2733	within the [Insurance Department] department.
2734	(2) (a) The risk adjuster [shall be] is under the direction of a board of directors
2735	composed of up to nine members described in Subsection (2)(b).
2736	(b) The board of directors shall consist of:
2737	[(b) The-] (i) following directors [shall be] appointed by the governor with the consent
2738	of the Senate:
2739	[(i)] (A) at least three, but up to five, directors with actuarial experience who represent
2740	[insurance carriers] insurers:
2741	[(A)] (I) that are participating or have committed to participate in the defined
2742	contribution arrangement market in the state; and
2743	$[\overline{(B)}]$ (\underline{II}) including at least one and up to two directors who represent $[a carrier]$ \underline{an}
2744	<u>insurer</u> that has a small percentage of lives in the defined contribution market;
2745	[(ii)] (B) one director who represents either an individual employee or employer
2746	participant in the defined contribution market;
2747	[(iii)] (C) one director [appointed by the governor to represent] who represents the
2748	Office of Consumer Health Services within the Governor's Office of Economic Development;
2749	[(iv)] (ii) one director representing the Public Employee's Health [Benefit] Program
2750	with actuarial experience, [chosen] appointed by the director of the Public Employee's Health
2751	[Benefit] Program [who shall serve as an ex officio member]; and
2752	[(v)] (iii) the commissioner, or a representative [from the department with actuarial
2753	experience] of the commissioner who:
2754	(A) is appointed by the commissioner; and
2755	(B) has actuarial experience.
2756	(c) The commissioner or a representative appointed by the commissioner[, who will
2757	only have voting privileges] may vote only in the event of a tie vote.
2758	(3) (a) Except as required by Subsection (3)(b), as terms of current board members
2759	appointed by the governor expire, the governor shall appoint each new member or reappointed

2760	member	to a	four-y	vear	term.
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(b) Notwithstanding the requirements of Subsection (3)(a), the governor shall, at the time of appointment or reappointment, adjust the length of terms to ensure that the terms of board members are staggered so that approximately half of the board is appointed every two years.

- (c) Notwithstanding the requirements of Subsection (3)(a), a board member shall continue to serve until the board member is reappointed or replaced by another individual in accordance with this section.
- (4) When a vacancy occurs in the membership for any reason, the replacement shall be appointed for the unexpired term in the same manner as the original appointment was made.
- (5) (a) [Members who are not government employees shall receive no] A board member who is not a government employee may not receive compensation or benefits for the [members'] board member's services.
- (b) A state government member who is a <u>board</u> member because of the <u>board</u> member's state government position may not receive per diem or expenses for the member's service.
 - (6) The board shall elect annually a chair and vice chair from its membership.
 - (7) [Six] One-half of the board members are a quorum for the transaction of business.
- (8) The action of a majority of the members of the quorum is the action of the board.
- Section 28. Section **63J-1-602** is amended to read:
- 2779 **63J-1-602.** Nonlapsing accounts and funds.
- 2780 (1) The following revenue collections, appropriations from a fund or account, and appropriations to a program are nonlapsing:
- (a) appropriations made to the Legislature and its committees;
- (b) funds collected by the grain grading program, as provided in Section 4-2-2;
- (c) the Salinity Offset Fund created in Section 4-2-8.5;
- 2785 (d) the Invasive Species Mitigation Fund created in Section 4-2-8.7;
- (e) funds collected by pesticide dealer license registration fees, as provided in Section
- 2787 4-14-3;
- 2788 (f) funds collected by pesticide applicator business registration fees, as provided in Section 4-14-13;
- 2790 (g) the Rangeland Improvement Fund created in Section 4-20-2;

2791	(h) funds deposited as dedicated credits under the Insect Infestation Emergency Control
2792	Act, as provided in Section 4-35-6;
2793	(i) the Percent-for-Art Program created in Section 9-6-404;
2794	(j) the Centennial History Fund created in Section 9-8-604;
2795	(k) the Uintah Basin Revitalization Fund, as provided in Section 9-10-108;
2796	(l) the Navajo Revitalization Fund created in Section 9-11-104;
2797	(m) the LeRay McAllister Critical Land Conservation Program created in Section
2798	11-38-301;
2799	(n) the Clean Fuels and Vehicle Technology Fund created in Section 19-1-403;
2800	(o) fees deposited as dedicated credits for hazardous waste plan reviews, as provided in
2801	Section 19-6-120;
2802	(p) an appropriation made to the Division of Wildlife Resources for the appraisal and
2803	purchase of lands under the Pelican Management Act, as provided in Section 23-21a-6;
2804	(q) award monies under the Crime Reduction Assistance Program, as provided under
2805	Section 24-1-19;
2806	(r) funds collected from the emergency medical services grant program, as provided in
2807	Section 26-8a-207;
2808	(s) fees and other funding available to purchase training equipment and to administer
2809	tests and conduct quality assurance reviews, as provided in Section 26-8a-208;
2810	(t) funds collected as a result of a sanction under Section 1919 of Title XIX of the
2811	federal Social Security Act, as provided in Section 26-18-3;
2812	(u) the Utah Health Care Workforce Financial Assistance Program created in Section
2813	26-46-102;
2814	(v) monies collected from subscription fees for publications prepared or distributed by
2815	the insurance commissioner, as provided in Section 31A-2-208;
2816	(w) monies received by the Insurance Department from electronic commerce dedicated
2817	credit fees as provided in Subsection 31A-3-103(3) and Section 31A-3-104;
2818	(x) monies received by the Insurance Department from annual fees for a captive
2819	insurer, as provided in Section 31A-3-304;
2820	(y) monies paid to the Insurance Department for the costs of a criminal background
2821	check, as provided in Section 31A-16-103, 31A-23a-105, and 31A-25-203:

2822	(z) assessments made by the Insurance Department for administering, investigating and
2823	enforcing Title 31A, Part 4, Marketing Practices, and Part 5, Compensation of Producers and
2824	Consultants, as provided in Subsections 31A-23a-415(2) and (3);
2825	[(w)] (aa) monies received by the Insurance Department for administering,
2826	investigating under, and enforcing the Insurance Fraud Act, as provided in Section
2827	31A-31-108;
2828	[(x)] (bb) certain monies received for penalties paid under the Insurance Fraud Act, as
2829	provided in Section 31A-31-109;
2830	[(y)] (cc) the fund for operating the state's Federal Health Care Tax Credit Program, as
2831	provided in Section 31A-38-104;
2832	[(z)] (dd) certain funds in the Department of Workforce Services' program for the
2833	education, training, and transitional counseling of displaced homemakers, as provided in
2834	Section 35A-3-114;
2835	[(aa)] (ee) the Employment Security Administration Fund created in Section
2836	35A-4-505;
2837	[(bb)] (ff) the Special Administrative Expense Fund created in Section 35A-4-506;
2838	[(ce)] (gg) funding for a new program or agency that is designated as nonlapsing under
2839	Section 36-24-101;
2840	[(dd)] (hh) the Oil and Gas Conservation Account created in Section 40-6-14.5;
2841	[(ee)] (ii) funds available to the State Tax Commission for purchase and distribution of
2842	license plates and decals, as provided in Section 41-1a-1201;
2843	[(ff)] (jj) certain fees for the cost of electronic payments under the Motor Vehicle Act,
2844	as provided in Section 41-1a-1221;
2845	[(gg)] (kk) certain fees collected for administering and enforcing the Motor Vehicle
2846	Business Regulation Act, as provided in Section 41-3-601;
2847	[(hh)] (ll) certain fees for the cost of electronic payments under the Motor Vehicle
2848	Business Regulation Act, as provided in Section 41-3-604;
2849	[(ii)] (mm) the Off-Highway Access and Education Restricted Account created in
2850	Section 41-22-19.5;
2851	[(jj)] (nn) certain fees for the cost of electronic payments under the Motor Vehicle Act,
2852	as provided in Section 41-22-36;

2853	[(kk)] (oo) monies collected under the Notaries Public Reform Act, as provided under
2854	46-1-23;
2855	[(H)] (pp) certain funds associated with the Law Enforcement Operations Account, as
2856	provided in Section 51-9-411;
2857	[(mm)] (qq) the Public Safety Honoring Heroes Restricted Account created in Section
2858	53-1-118;
2859	[(nn)] (rr) funding for the Search and Rescue Financial Assistance Program, as
2860	provided in Section 53-2-107;
2861	[(00)] (ss) appropriations made to the Department of Public Safety from the
2862	Department of Public Safety Restricted Account, as provided in Section 53-3-106;
2863	[(pp)] (tt) appropriations to the Motorcycle Rider Education Program, as provided in
2864	Section 53-3-905;
2865	[(qq)] (<u>uu)</u> fees collected by the State Fire Marshal Division under the Utah Fire
2866	Prevention and Safety Act, as provided in Section 53-7-314;
2867	[(rr)] (vv) the DNA Specimen Restricted Account created in Section 53-10-407;
2868	[(ss)] (ww) the minimum school program, as provided in Section 53A-17a-105;
2869	[(tt)] (xx) certain funds appropriated from the Uniform School Fund to the State Board
2870	of Education for new teacher bonus and performance-based compensation plans, as provided in
2871	Section 53A-17a-148;
2872	[(uu)] (yy) certain funds appropriated from the Uniform School Fund to the State
2873	Board of Education for implementation of proposals to improve mathematics achievement test
2874	scores, as provided in Section 53A-17a-152;
2875	[(vv)] (zz) the School Building Revolving Account created in Section 53A-21-401;
2876	[(ww)] (aaa) monies received by the State Office of Rehabilitation for the sale of
2877	certain products or services, as provided in Section 53A-24-105;
2878	[(xx)] (bbb) the State Board of Regents, as provided in Section 53B-6-104;
2879	[(yy)] (ccc) certain funds appropriated from the General Fund to the State Board of
2880	Regents for teacher preparation programs, as provided in Section 53B-6-104;
2881	[(zz)] (ddd) a certain portion of monies collected for administrative costs under the
2882	School Institutional Trust Lands Management Act, as provided under Section 53C-3-202;
2883	[(aaa)] (eee) certain surcharges on residence and business telecommunications access

2884	lines imposed by the Public Service Commission, as provided in Section 54-8b-10;
2885	[(bbb)] (fff) certain fines collected by the Division of Occupational and Professional
2886	Licensing for violation of unlawful or unprofessional conduct that are used for education and
2887	enforcement purposes, as provided in Section 58-17b-505;
2888	[(ccc)] (ggg) the Nurse Education and Enforcement Fund created in Section
2889	58-31b-103;
2890	[(ddd)] (hhh) funding of the controlled substance database, as provided in Section
2891	58-37-7.7;
2892	[(eee)] (iii) the Certified Nurse Midwife Education and Enforcement Fund created in
2893	Section 58-44a-103;
2894	[(fff)] (jjj) funding for the building inspector's education program, as provided in
2895	Section 58-56-9;
2896	[(ggg)] (kkk) certain fines collected by the Division of Occupational and Professional
2897	Licensing for use in education and enforcement of the Security Personnel Licensing Act, as
2898	provided in Section 58-63-103;
2899	[(hhh)] (lll) the Professional Geologist Education and Enforcement Fund created in
2900	Section 58-76-103;
2901	[(iii)] (mmm) certain monies in the Water Resources Conservation and Development
2902	Fund, as provided in Section 59-12-103;
2903	[(jjj)] (nnn) funds paid to the Division of Real Estate for the cost of a criminal
2904	background check for broker and sales agent licenses, as provided in Section 61-2-9;
2905	[(kkk)] (ooo) the Utah Housing Opportunity Restricted Account created in Section
2906	61-2-28;
2907	[(HI)] (ppp) funds paid to the Division of Real Estate for the cost of a criminal
2908	background check for a mortgage loan license, as provided in Section 61-2c-202;
2909	[(mmm)] (qqq) funds paid to the Division of Real Estate in relation to examination of
2910	records in an investigation, as provided in Section 61-2c-401;
2911	[(nnn)] (rrr) certain funds donated to the Department of Human Services, as provided
2912	in Section 62A-1-111;
2913	[(000)] (sss) certain funds donated to the Division of Child and Family Services, as
2914	provided in Section 62A-4a-110;

2915	[(ppp)] (ttt) the Mental Health Therapist Grant and Scholarship Program, as provided
2916	in Section 62A-13-109;
2917	[(qqq)] (uuu) assessments for DUI violations that are forwarded to an account created
2918	by a county treasurer, as provided in Section 62A-15-503;
2919	[(rrr)] (vvv) appropriations to the Division of Services for People with Disabilities, as
2920	provided in Section 62A-5-102;
2921	[(sss)] (www) certain donations to the Division of Substance Abuse and Mental
2922	Health, as provided in Section 62A-15-103;
2923	[(ttt)] (xxx) certain funds received by the Division of Parks and Recreation from the
2924	sale or disposal of buffalo, as provided under Section 63-11-19.2;
2925	[(uuu)] (yyy) revenue for golf user fees at the Wasatch Mountain State Park, Palisades
2926	State Park, or Jordan River State Park, as provided under Section 63-11-19.5;
2927	[(vvv)] (zzz) revenue for golf user fees at the Green River State Park, as provided
2928	under Section 63-11-19.6;
2929	[(www)] (aaaa) the Centennial Nonmotorized Paths and Trail Crossings Program
2930	created under Section 63-11a-503;
2931	[(xxx)] (bbbb) the Bonneville Shoreline Trail Program created under Section
2932	63-11a-504;
2933	[(yyy)] (cccc) the account for the Utah Geological Survey, as provided in Section
2934	63-73-10;
2935	[(zzz)] (dddd) the Risk Management Fund created under Section 63A-4-201;
2936	[(aaaa)] (eeee) the Child Welfare Parental Defense Fund created in Section
2937	63A-11-203;
2938	[(bbbb)] (ffff) the Constitutional Defense Restricted Account created in Section
2939	63C-4-103;
2940	[(cccc)] (gggg) a portion of the funds appropriated to the Utah Seismic Safety
2941	Commission, as provided in Section 63C-6-104;
2942	[(dddd)] (hhhh) funding for the Medical Education Program administered by the
2943	Medical Education Council, as provided in Section 63C-8-102;
2944	[(eeee)] (iiii) certain monies payable for commission expenses of the Pete Suazo Utah
2945	Athletic Commission, as provided under Section 63C-11-301.

2946	[(ffff)] (jjjj) funds collected for publishing the Division of Administrative Rules'
2947	publications, as provided in Section 63G-3-402;
2948	[(gggg)] (kkkk) the appropriation to fund the Governor's Office of Economic
2949	Development's Enterprise Zone Act, as provided in Section 63M-1-416;
2950	[(hhhh)] (llll) the Tourism Marketing Performance Account, as provided in Section
2951	63M-1-1406;
2952	[(iiii)] (mmmm) certain funding for rural development provided to the Office of Rural
2953	Development in the Governor's Office of Economic Development, as provided in Section
2954	63M-1-1604;
2955	[(jjjj)] (nnnn) certain monies in the Development for Disadvantaged Rural
2956	Communities Restricted Account, as provided in Section 63M-1-2003;
2957	[(kkkk)] (0000) appropriations to the Utah Science Technology and Research
2958	Governing Authority, created under Section 63M-2-301, as provided under Section
2959	63M-3-302;
2960	[(HH)] (pppp) certain monies in the Rural Broadband Service Fund, as provided in
2961	Section 63M-1-2303;
2962	[(mmmm)] (qqqq) funds collected from monthly offender supervision fees, as provided
2963	in Section 64-13-21.2;
2964	[(nnnn)] (rrrr) funds collected by the housing of state probationary inmates or state
2965	parole inmates, as provided in Subsection 64-13e-104(2);
2966	[(0000)] (ssss) the Sovereign Lands Management account created in Section 65A-5-1;
2967	[(pppp)] (tttt) certain forestry and fire control funds utilized by the Division of
2968	Forestry, Fire, and State Lands, as provided in Section 65A-8-103;
2969	[(qqqq)] (uuuu) the Department of Human Resource Management user training
2970	program, as provided in Section 67-19-6;
2971	[(rrrr)] (vvvv) funds for the University of Utah Poison Control Center program, as
2972	provided in Section 69-2-5.5;
2973	[(ssss)] (www) appropriations to the Transportation Corridor Preservation Revolving
2974	Loan Fund, as provided in Section 72-2-117;
2975	[(tttt)] (xxxx) appropriations to the Local Transportation Corridor Preservation Fund,
2976	as provided in Section 72-2-117.5;

2977	[(uuuu)] (yyyy) appropriations to the Tollway Restricted Special Revenue Fund, as
2978	provided in Section 77-2-120;
2979	[(vvvv)] (zzzz) appropriations to the Aeronautics Construction Revolving Loan Fund,
2980	as provided in Section 77-2-122;
2981	[(www)] (aaaaa) appropriations to the State Park Access Highways Improvement
2982	Program, as provided in Section 72-3-207;
2983	[(xxxx)] (bbbbb) the Traffic Noise Abatement Program created in Section 72-6-112;
2984	[(yyyy)] (cccc) certain funds received by the Office of the State Engineer for well
2985	drilling fines or bonds, as provided in Section 73-3-25;
2986	[(zzzz)] (ddddd) certain monies appropriated to increase the carrying capacity of the
2987	Jordan River that are transferred to the Division of Parks and Recreation, as provided in
2988	Section 73-10e-1;
2989	[(aaaaa)] (eeeee) certain fees for the cost of electronic payments under the State
2990	Boating Act, as provided in Section 73-18-25;
2991	[(bbbbb)] (fffff) certain monies appropriated from the Water Resources Conservation
2992	and Development Fund, as provided in Section 73-23-2;
2993	[(cccc)] (ggggg) the Lake Powell Pipeline Project Operation and Maintenance Fund
2994	created in Section 73-28-404;
2995	[(ddddd)] (hhhhh) certain funds in the Water Development and Flood Mitigation
2996	Reserve Account, as provided in Section 73-103-1;
2997	[(eeeee)] (iiiii) certain funds appropriated for compensation for special prosecutors, as
2998	provided in Section 77-10a-19;
2999	[(fffff)] (jjjjj) the Indigent Aggravated Murder Defense Trust Fund created in Section
3000	77-32-601;
3001	[(ggggg)] (kkkkk) the Indigent Felony Defense Trust Fund created in Section
3002	77-32-701;
3003	[(hhhhh)] (lllll) funds donated or paid to a juvenile court by private sources, as
3004	provided in Subsection 78A-6-203(c);
3005	[(iiiii)] (mmmmm) a state rehabilitative employment program, as provided in Section
3006	78A-6-210; and
3007	[(iiiii)] (nnnnn) fees from the issuance and renewal of licenses for certified court

3008	interpreters, as provided in Section 78B-1-146.
8009	(2) No revenue collection, appropriation from a fund or account, or appropriation to a
8010	program may be treated as nonlapsing unless:
8011	(a) it is expressly referenced by this section;
8012	(b) it is designated in a condition of appropriation in the appropriations bill; or
3013	(c) nonlapsing authority is granted under Section 63J-1-603.
8014	(3) Each legislative appropriations subcommittee shall review the accounts and funds
3015	that have been granted nonlapsing authority under this section or Section 63J-1-603.

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